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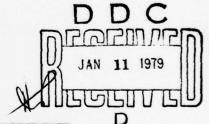
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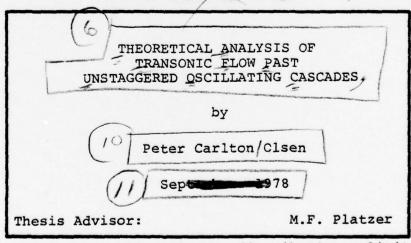
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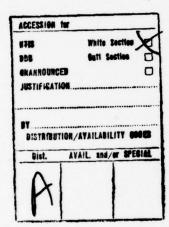
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Theoretical Analysis of Transonic Flow Past Unstaggered Oscillating Cascades

by

Peter Carlton Olsen
Lieutenant, United States Coast Guard
B.S., United States Coast Guard Academy, 1970
M.S., University of West Florida, 1975
M.S.A.E., Naval Postgraduate School, 1977
M.S.O.R., Naval Postgraduate School, 1978

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

AERONAUTICAL ENGINEER

from the

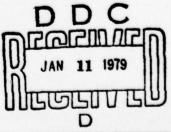
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Author	Velolopa
Approved by:	Mos F. Plates Thesis Advisor
	Webet & Ball
	Second Reader
	May F. Plate Chairman, Department of Aeronautics
	William M. Toller
	Dean of Science and Engineering

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ABSTRACT

This paper presents an independent verification of the collocation method as a technique for calculating the lift on an oscillating airfoil in an unstaggered cascade immersed in transonic flow. This method was originally proposed by Gorelov. Results presented here differ somewhat from those presented by him. Two formulations are shown; one is purely numerical, the second employs an analytic expansion for small frequency.

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LIST OF SYMBOLS

a	= '	local speed of sound	II
a _o	=	speed of sound in the uniform flow	III
c	=	blade semichord	III
fj	=	elementary function used in collocation solution	V
F	=	specific energy ("head")	II
G	=	function describing the surface of the airfoil as a function of time	III
н	=	function specifying location of blade surface in the vertical axis	III
i	=	√ -1	II,III,IV,V
k	=	Strouhal number, nondimensional frequency	III,IV,V
m	=		IV,V
М	=	Mach number = $\frac{ \vec{V} }{a}$	III
n	=	number of collocation points - 1, order of highest spanning function	v
p	=	pressure	II
	=	nondimensional interblade distance	V
R	=	universal gas constant	II
R.P.	=	"real part of"	III,IV,V
T	-	temperature	II
t	=	time, nondimensional time	II,III,IV,V
U _o	=	uniform velocity from infinity	II,III,VI
u	=	x-component of velocity	II,III
u°,u¹	=	interference vertical velocities due to reference and adjacent blades respectively, solved so as to satisfy the tangential flow conditions	V,VI

u'	=	small disturbance velocity	III
v	-	y-component of velocity	II,III,IV,V
⊽	-	general velocity vector	II
v'	=	small disturbance velocity	III
v°,v¹	-	vertical velocities due to the reference and adjacent blades respectively, determined from the tangential flow condition	V
w	-	$\widetilde{\phi}_{\mathbf{X}}, a constant used in Gorelov's approximation of the transonic flow potential$	IV,V
x	-	horizontal coordinate, may be non-dimensional	
x*	=	<pre>mp (transformed interblade distance in Gorelov's approximation)</pre>	V
× _l	=	blade leading edge	IV
x _o	=	center of pitch of the unstaggered cascade	IV,V
У	-	vertical coordinate, may be non-dimensional	
у,у1	-	vertical coordinates attached to the reference and adjacent blades respectively, may be non-dimensional	IV,V
^{2,2} 1	-	transformed vertical coordinates used in Gorelov's approximation, attached to the reference and adjacent blades respectively. z = my, z ₁ = my ₁	IV,V
D Dt	=	substantial derivative w.r.t. time $= \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$	11,111
		$= \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$	
0 (ω ²)	=	"of the order of magnitude of ω^2 "	V
α	=	angle of attack	II,III,IV,V.
αo	-	maximum amplitude of pitch oscillations	IA

Υ	=	ratio of specific heats, c_p/c_v	
$^{\delta}$ io	-	Dirac Delta function	V
		$= \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
η	=	$\cos^{-1}(-x)$	V
η*	=	$\cos^{-1}(1-x_*)$	v
\overline{n}	=	cos ⁻¹ (-s)	V
n	=	$\cos^{-1}(x_{\star}-x)$	v
θ ^ο ,θ ¹	=	interference potential coefficients for reference and adjacent blades respectively	V
λ	=	k/m^2	IV,V
μ ^ο , μ ¹	=	Fourier coefficients describing the motion of the reference and adjacent blades respectively	V
ν	=	angular frequency of oscillation	IV,V
ρ	=	density	II
σ	=	phase angle	V
τ	=	cascade solidity, $\frac{2}{p}$	V
Φ	=	general velocity potential	II,III,VI
Фо	=	uniform flow velocity potential	
$\tilde{\Phi}$	=	steady flow perturbation potential	III,IV
φ°,φ¹	=	perturbation potential in collocation solution due to reference and adjacent blades respectively	V,VI
Φ°, Φ^{1}	=	tranformed potentials	V
ψ	=	oscillatory flow potential	III,IV,V
Φ	=	transformed oscillatory potential in Gorelov's coordinates corresponding to $\boldsymbol{\psi}$	v
ψ ⁰ ,ψ ¹	-	interference potentials due to reference and adjacent blades respectively	V,VI

- ψ^{0}, ψ^{1} = transformed potentials in Gorelov's coordinates, coresponding to ψ^{0} and ψ^{1}
- $\omega = \frac{k(1-m)^2}{m^4}$
 - $\nabla = \vec{1} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \vec{j} \frac{\partial}{\partial y}, \text{ Gradient operator, } \vec{1} \text{ and } \vec{j}$ are unit vectors in the x and y direction respectively

Computer Variables

DK = Reduced Frequency, k

 $DLAMDA = \lambda$

 $DM2 = m^2$

DR = $mp = x_*$

ETA = η

ETASTR = n_{\star}

IPT = Print Parameter

N = n

NF = not used

OFFSET = r

 $OMEGA = \omega$

QALPHA = $0 + i(\lambda - k)$

QCONST = $e^{i\sigma}$

QDCL = Cl_{α}

QDCM = Cm_{α}

QDK = 0 + ik

QEXP = $0 + i\lambda$

QINTAP,QINTRP = Variables used to transmit boundary

condition integrals

Qlabcf,Qlrbcf = Interference coefficients for adjacent

and reference blades

Q1COF = Right hand side vector in collocation solution

QlINT = Known matrix of integrals in collocation

solution

Q1RBP,Q1ABP = Not used

Q2CP = Not used

Q2EXP = $e^{-i\lambda x}$

= Not used Q2PT

= vertical displacement RHO

= local input variable for rho RHP

SIGMA

TAU

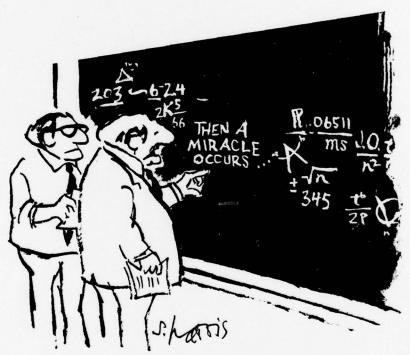
= Current x station in adjacent blade coordinates XASTN

= Current x station in reference blade XSTN

coordinates

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"I think you should be more explicit here in step two."

Cartoon Reprinted from American Scientist, Vol. 65, No. 6, Nov-Dec 1977 with permission from Sidney Harris.

I. INTRODUCTION

The analysis of unsteady transonic flows in aircraft turbopropulsion is an area of intense current interest. Rising fuel prices and increasing thrust requirements both point toward the need of turbomachinery capable of performing well with transonic or supersonic internal flow. But, increased flow has increased both the costs and uncertainties of engine designs. Flutter problems have already become a major consideration in engine development. Problems unforeseen in earlier days of turbine engine production have caused long development delays, or forced acceptance of engines producing less than their initial design thrust. These uncertainties cannot be avoided when an attempt is made to extend the state of the art, but they can be reduced by extending the range of analytical modeling.

Such extension must now be done piecemeal. The three-dimensional flows in turbomachinery, including the simultaneous effects of boundary layers, rotation, finite blade thickness, spanwise Mach distributions, and shocks, are well beyond present capability. Perhaps one day complete analysis will be practical, but it is not today. The best that can be done now is to approach the problem from one aspect at a time. Flow through a two dimensional cascade has been a useful tool in this partial analysis.

This thesis was originally to have been an extension of the work of Elder [1] and Schlein [2] to the case of a staggered cascade. Their work, based on Teipel's [3] linearization of the unsteady transonic small perturbation equation, analyzed transonic flow through oscillating unstaggered cascades by use of the collocation method. While the problem was easy to state, it was difficult to solve. Both Elder and Schlein had encountered difficulty in employing the collocation method. Therefore, it was decided that verification of the basic collocation solution presented by Gorelov [4] using a different linearization would be a worthwhile goal in itself.

The following investigation presents a verification of the development in [4], along with numerical results and suggestions for further work.

II. UNSTEADY TRANSONIC FLOW THEORY

Considering inviscid flow only, the following four equations govern the aerodynamic flow problem at hand:

The equation of state

$$p = \rho RT \qquad (II-1)$$

and the equations for the conservation of

1. Mass:
$$\operatorname{div}(\rho \overrightarrow{v}) + \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = 0$$
 (II-2)

2. Momentum:
$$\frac{\overrightarrow{Dv}}{Dt} + \frac{1}{\rho} \nabla p = 0$$
 (II-3)

3. Energy:
$$\frac{DS}{Dt} = 0$$
 (II-4)

where

 \vec{v} = velocity

p = pressure

S = entropy

R = universal gas constant

T = temperature

t = time

ρ = density

$$\frac{D}{Dt} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial t}$$

The analysis starts with a uniform flow from infinity. This flow has velocity $\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}$ parallel to the x-axis. This

formulation can be simplified by working with the total velocity potential, ϕ , where

$$u = \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} = \phi_x = x$$
 component of velocity = $\frac{\partial x}{\partial t}$ (II-5)

$$v = \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial y} = \Phi_y = y \text{ component of velocity} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial t}$$
 (II-6)

Thus, the initial uniform flow is represented by the uniform flow potential

$$\Phi_{O} = U_{O} x \qquad (II-7)$$

This notation may be applied to the conservation equations for mass and momentum. The equation for conservation of mass

$$\operatorname{div}(\rho \overrightarrow{\mathbf{v}}) + \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = 0 \qquad (II-8)$$

becomes for two-dimensional unsteady flow

$$\frac{\partial (\rho \mathbf{u})}{\partial \mathbf{x}} + \frac{\partial (\rho \mathbf{v})}{\partial \mathbf{y}} + \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \mathbf{t}} = 0$$

$$\left[\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \mathbf{t}} + \mathbf{u} \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \mathbf{x}} + \mathbf{v} \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \mathbf{y}}\right] + \rho \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} + \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{y}}\right) = 0 \qquad (II-9)$$

but

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial y} = \frac{D_0}{Dt}$$

and

$$u = \phi_x$$
 and $v = \phi_y$

Thus

$$\frac{\mathsf{D}\rho}{\mathsf{D}\mathsf{t}} + \rho \left(\Phi_{\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}} + \Phi_{\mathbf{y}\mathbf{y}} \right) \quad = \quad 0$$

and

$$\Phi_{xx} + \Phi_{yy} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{D\rho}{Dt}$$
 (II-10)

The speed of sound is given by

$$a^2 = \frac{dp}{dp}$$

Thus

$$\frac{D\rho}{Dt} = \frac{d\rho}{dp} \cdot \frac{Dp}{Dt} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{Dp}{Dt}$$

Applying this to equation (II-10) yields

$$\Phi_{xx} + \Phi_{yy} = -\frac{1}{\rho a^2} \frac{Dp}{Dt}$$
 (II-lla)

$$\Phi_{xx} + \Phi_{yy} = -\frac{1}{\rho a^2} (up_x + vp_y + p_t)$$
 (II-11b)

$$= -\frac{1}{\rho a^2} [(\nabla \Phi) \cdot (\nabla p) + p_t] \qquad (II-llc)$$

where \forall is the gradient operator, $P_{x} = \frac{\partial P}{\partial x}$, $P_{y} = \frac{\partial P}{\partial y}$, $P_{t} = \frac{\partial P}{\partial t}$.

Laying this aside for the moment, consider the momentum equation (II-3)

$$\frac{\overrightarrow{Dv}}{\overrightarrow{Dt}} + \frac{1}{\rho} \nabla p = 0$$

$$\frac{\overrightarrow{Dv}}{\overrightarrow{Dt}} = \frac{\partial \overrightarrow{v}}{\partial t} + (\overrightarrow{v} \cdot \nabla) \overrightarrow{v}$$

Thus

$$\rho \left[\frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} + (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \ \vec{v} \right] = \nabla p \tag{II-12}$$

$$\overrightarrow{\mathbf{v}} = \nabla \Phi$$

SO

$$\frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\nabla \Phi) = \nabla \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial t}$$
 (II-13)

and

$$(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{v}} \cdot \nabla) \overrightarrow{\mathbf{v}} = \nabla \frac{\mathbf{v}^2}{2} - \overrightarrow{\mathbf{v}} \times (\nabla \times \overrightarrow{\mathbf{v}})$$

where

$$v^2 = u^2 + v^2$$

$$= \overset{\rightarrow}{\mathbf{v}} \cdot \overset{\rightarrow}{\mathbf{v}}$$

For irrotational flow

$$\nabla \mathbf{x} \overset{\rightarrow}{\mathbf{v}} = 0$$

thus

$$(\overset{\rightarrow}{\mathbf{v}} \cdot \nabla) \overset{\rightarrow}{\mathbf{v}} = \frac{\nabla \mathbf{v}^2}{2} \tag{II-14}$$

Thus

$$\frac{\nabla p}{\rho} + \nabla \left[\Phi_{t} + \frac{V^{2}}{2} \right] = 0 \qquad (II-15)$$

which after integration along a streamline becomes

$$\int \frac{\mathrm{d}p}{\rho} + \Phi_{t} + \frac{v^{2}}{2} = F(t) \qquad (II-16)$$

For uniform flow from infinity $F(t) = \frac{1}{2} U_0^2$ and thus the final result is

$$\int \frac{dp}{\rho} + \Phi_{t} + \frac{v^{2}}{2} = \frac{1}{2} U_{o}^{2}$$
 (II-17)

Differentiation with respect to t gives

$$p_{t} = -\rho \left(\Phi_{tt} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial V^{2}}{\partial t} \right)$$
 (II-18)

From (II-3)

$$-\nabla p = \rho \frac{D\vec{v}}{Dt}$$
 (II-19)

Substitute (II-18) and (II-19) into (II-11c) to obtain

$$\Phi_{xx} + \Phi_{yy} = \frac{1}{a^2} [(\nabla \Phi) \cdot \frac{D\vec{v}}{Dt} + \Phi_{tt} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial V^2}{\partial t}] \qquad (II-20)$$

This may be further simplified

$$\frac{D\vec{v}}{Dt} = \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} + (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{v}$$
$$= \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{2} \nabla V^2$$

Hence

$$\Phi_{\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}} + \Phi_{\mathbf{y}\mathbf{y}} = \frac{1}{a^2} [(\nabla \Phi) \cdot (\frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{2} \nabla V^2) + \Phi_{\mathsf{t}\mathsf{t}} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial V^2}{\partial t}] \qquad (II-21)$$

Expanding terms

$$(\nabla \Phi) \cdot (\frac{\partial \overrightarrow{v}}{\partial t}) = \nabla \Phi \cdot (\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \nabla \Phi) = \Phi_{x} \Phi_{xt} + \Phi_{y} \Phi_{yt}$$

$$\nabla \Phi \cdot \frac{\nabla V^{2}}{2} = \frac{\Phi_{x}^{2} \Phi_{xx}}{2} + \frac{\Phi_{y}^{2} \Phi_{yy}}{2} + \frac{\Phi_{x} \Phi_{y} \Phi_{xy}}{2} + \frac{\Phi_{y} \Phi_{xy}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{\Phi_{x}^{2} \Phi_{xx}}{2} + \frac{\Phi_{y}^{2} \Phi_{yy}}{2} + \frac{2\Phi_{x} \Phi_{y} \Phi_{xy}}{2} .$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial V^2}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} [(\nabla \Phi) \cdot (\nabla \Phi)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [\Phi_x \Phi_{xt} + \Phi_{xt} \Phi_x + \Phi_y \Phi_{yt} + \Phi_{yt} \Phi_y]$$

$$= \Phi_x \Phi_{xt} + \Phi_y \Phi_{yt}$$

The final result obtained by combining terms is

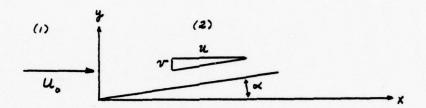
$$(1 - \frac{\Phi_{x}^{2}}{a^{2}})_{xx} + (1 - \frac{\Phi_{y}^{2}}{a^{2}})_{yy} - \frac{2\Phi_{x}\Phi_{y}\Phi_{xy}}{a^{2}}$$
$$- \frac{2\Phi_{x}}{a^{2}}\Phi_{xt} - \frac{2\Phi_{y}}{a^{2}}\Phi_{yt} - \frac{1}{a^{2}}\Phi_{tt} = 0$$
 (II-22)

This result is valid for irrotational, inviscid, twodimensional, unsteady, compressible flows where gravity has been neglected.

III. SMALL PERTURBATION THEORY OF TRANSONIC FLOW

A. GENERAL CASE

A thin body at a small angle of attack will cause only a slight disturbance in the fluid. A flat plate is an example. Consider flow past a flat plate at angle of attack; α .



The flow at (2) must be parallel to the plate. To achieve this, small disturbance velocities u' and v' must be added to the free stream velocity yielding

$$u = U_{0} + u'$$

$$u = v'$$

The potential of the disturbed flow may be considered as the sum of the uniform flow potential, $\phi_0 = U_0 x$, and the disturbance potential, ϕ

$$\Phi = \Phi_O + \Phi \qquad (III-1)$$

Thus

$$\Phi_{\mathbf{x}} = U_{\mathbf{0}} + \mathbf{u'}$$
 (III-2a)

$$\Phi_{\mathbf{v}} = \mathbf{v} \tag{III-2b}$$

If ϕ is a function of time, then

$$\Phi_{t} = \Phi_{t}$$

This result may be substituted into (II-22) leading to

$$[1 - \frac{(U_o + u')^2}{a^2}]\phi_{xx} + [1 - \frac{v^2}{a^2}]\phi_{yy} - 2 \frac{(U_o + u')v}{a^2} \phi_{xy}$$
$$- 2 \frac{(U_o + u')}{a^2} \phi_{xt} - \frac{2v}{a^2} \phi_{yt} - \frac{1}{a^2} \phi_{tt} = 0 \qquad (III-3)$$

This expands to yield

$$[1 - \frac{U_0^2 + 2U_0 u' + u'^2}{a^2}] \phi_{xx} + [1 - \frac{v^2}{a^2}] \phi_{yy} - 2 \frac{(U_0 v + u' v)}{a^2} \phi_{xy}$$
$$- 2 \frac{(U_0 + u')}{a^2} \phi_{xt} - \frac{2v}{a^2} \phi_{yt} - \frac{1}{a^2} \phi_{tt} = 0 \qquad (III-4)$$

Equation (III-4) may be further simplified as shown by Landahl [3]. All non-linear terms except the $\phi_{\bf x}\phi_{\bf xx}$ product

term can be neglected yielding the following transonic small disturbance equation

$$[(M^{2}-1) + (\gamma+1)M^{2} \frac{\phi_{x}}{U_{o}}] \phi_{xx}$$

$$- \phi_{yy} + \frac{2M_{o}}{a_{o}} \phi_{xt} + \frac{1}{a_{o}} \phi_{tt} = 0$$
 (III-5)

where a_0 is the velocity of sound in the free-stream, and γ is the ratio of specific heats, and M $\gamma=1$ Mach number.

B. BOUNDARY CONDITION

The tangential flow condition requires that the flow be tangent to the airfoil surface at each instant of time. This means that no fluid may flow through the surface of the airfoil and is expressed by the condition

$$\frac{DG}{Dt} = 0 \quad \text{on} \quad G(x,y,t) \quad (III-6)$$

where

G(x,y,t) describes the surface of the body as a function of time.

For a thin airfoil restricted to small oscillations, this may be written as

$$G = y - H(x,t)$$
 (III-7)

where

H(x,t) is the function describing the position of the airfoil.

H(x,t) can be written for harmonic pitch oscillations as

$$H(x,t) = R.P. [\alpha_{O}(x-x_{O}) e^{ivt}]$$
 (III-8)

where the time-varying angle of attack $\alpha(t)$ is given by

$$\alpha(t) = R.P. [\alpha_0 e^{ivt}]$$

and $\alpha_0 = \text{maximum amplitude of pitch oscillation}$

x is the pitch axis

v is the angular frequency of oscillation

 $i = \sqrt{-1}$

R.P. = "real part of"

Inserting (III-8) into the flow tangency condition
(III-6) gives, after linearization,

$$\phi_{\mathbf{y}}(\mathbf{x},0) = \mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x},0) = \alpha_{\mathbf{0}}[\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{0}} + i\mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_{\mathbf{0}})] e^{i\mathbf{v}t}$$
 (III-9)
on $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{0}$

This is a condition for the normal velocity to be prescribed at the airfoil's mean position y = 0.

C. NONDIMENSIONALIZATION

The terms in equations (III-5) and (III-9) are dimensional. For the following calculations it is convenient to use non-dimensional quantities. Define non-dimensional time and length to be

$$\overline{x} = \frac{x}{c}$$

$$\overline{y} = \frac{y}{c}$$

$$\overline{t} = \frac{tU_0}{c}$$
(III-10)

where

U = uniform velocity from infinity
c = reference length (blade semichord).

The velocity potential in equation (III-5) may be non-dimensionalized as follows. Let

$$\overline{\phi} = \overline{U_{QC}}$$

Hence:

$$\phi = U_{O}c\overline{\phi}$$

$$\phi_{X} = U_{O}c\overline{\phi}_{\overline{X}}(\frac{1}{c})$$

$$= U_{O}\overline{\phi}_{\overline{X}} \qquad (III-11)$$

and similarly for the other derivatives in (III-5), yielding

$$[(M^{2}-1) + (\gamma+1)M^{2}\overline{\phi}_{\overline{x}}]\phi_{\overline{x}}\overline{x} - \overline{\phi}_{\overline{y}}\overline{y} + 2M^{2}\overline{\phi}_{\overline{x}}\overline{t} + M^{2}\overline{\phi}_{\overline{t}}\overline{t} = 0$$
(III-12)

This equation is non-dimensional.

The boundary condition given in equation (III-9) may be non-dimensionalized in a similar fashion

$$\phi_{y}(x,0) = \alpha_{o}[U_{o} + iv(x - x_{o})] e^{ivt}$$
 (III-9)

Thus

$$U_{o}c\overline{\phi}_{Y} = \alpha_{o}[U_{o} + ik\frac{U_{o}}{c}(c\overline{x} - c\overline{x}_{o}] = 0$$
 (III-13)

where

$$k = \frac{vc}{U_0} = Strouhal number or reduced frequency$$

$$U_{o}c\overline{\phi_{\overline{Y}}}\cdot\frac{1}{c} = \alpha_{o}U_{o}[1 + ik(\overline{x} - \overline{x}_{o})] e^{ik\overline{t}}$$
 (III-14)

Thus

$$\overline{\phi}_{\overline{Y}} = \overline{v}(\overline{x}, 0) = \alpha_{0}[1 + ik(\overline{x} - \overline{x}_{0})] e^{ik\overline{t}}$$
 (III-15)

Because the final operations are linear in α_{0} , set α_{0} = 1, yielding

$$\overline{\phi}_{\overline{V}} = \overline{v}(\overline{x},0) = [1 + ik(\overline{x} - \overline{x}_{0})] e^{ik\overline{t}}$$
 (III-16)

The overbars denoting nondimensional quantities will be dropped from the remainder of the paper. All further quantities shall be assumed appropriately non-dimensional. This yields the following final equations

$$[(M^{2}-1)+(\gamma+1)M^{2}\phi_{x}]\phi_{xx} - \phi_{yy} + 2M^{2}\phi_{xt} + M^{2}\phi_{tt} = 0$$
(III-17)

and

$$\phi_{y}(x,0) = v(x,0) = [1 + ik(x - x_{0})] e^{ikt}$$
 (III-18)

where.

all quantities are nondimensional and $\alpha_{\rm O}$ = 1

D. HARMONIC OSCILLATIONS

In the case of harmonic oscillations, equation (III-17) may be simplified still further.

Let

$$\phi = \tilde{\phi} + R.P.[\psi e^{ikt}]$$

where

φ = non-dimensional steady flow potential

 ψ = non-dimensional oscillatory flow potential

R.P. = "real part of"

Equation (III-17) then becomes

$$(1-M^{2})\psi_{xx} + \psi_{yy} - M^{2}(\gamma+1)[\psi_{x}\psi_{xx} + \tilde{\phi}_{x}\psi_{xx} + \tilde{\phi}_{xx}\psi_{x}] + M^{2}k^{2}\psi - 2iMk^{2}\psi_{x} = 0$$
 (III-19)

For M close to 1, this is a nonlinear mixed elliptic-hyperbolic partial differential equation with variable coefficients, the exact type depending on $\tilde{\phi}_{x}$ and $\tilde{\phi}_{xx}$. However, because flutter analysis is primarily concerned with the stability of small perturbations about a steady flow, the oscillatory component may be assumed small compared to the steady flow potential and therefore the product term $\psi_{x}\psi_{xx}$ may be neglected, yielding,

$$(1-M^{2})\psi_{xx} + \psi_{yy} - M^{2}(\gamma+1) [\tilde{\phi}_{x}\psi_{xx} + \tilde{\phi}_{xx}\psi_{x}]$$

$$= 2iM^{2}k\psi_{x} + M^{2}k^{2}\psi = 0 \qquad (III-20)$$

IV. LINEARIZATION OF THE GOVERNING EQUATION

The basic flutter equation, (III-20), is still a nonlinear, mixed elliptic-hyperbolic partial differential equation with variable coefficients and difficult to solve. It may yet be further simplified.

A. BASIC SOLUTION

For M = 1, equation (III-20) becomes

$$\psi_{yy} - (\gamma+1) \left[\tilde{\phi}_{x} \psi_{xx} + \tilde{\phi}_{xx} \psi_{x} \right] - 2ik\psi_{x} + k^{2}\psi = 0 \qquad (IV-1)$$

Now assume

$$\phi_{\mathbf{x}} \approx \mathbf{w} = \text{constant}$$
 (IV-2)
 $\phi_{\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}} \approx 0$

throughout the interblade channel. Setting

$$\stackrel{\sim}{\phi}_{x}(\gamma+1) = w(\gamma+1) = m^{2}$$
 (IV-3)

yields

$$m^2 \psi_{xx} - \psi_{yy} + 2ik\psi_x - k^2 \psi = 0$$
 (IV-4)

The solution to this equation is found in Garrick and Rubinow [5]

$$\psi(x,y) = -\frac{1}{m} \int v(s) J_0 \left[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^2 - (my)^2}\right] e^{i\lambda (s-x)} ds$$

$$x_{\ell}$$
for $y > 0$
(IV-5a)

and

$$\psi(x,y) = \frac{1}{m} \int_{0}^{x+my} v(s) J_{0}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-(my)^{2}}] e^{i\lambda(s-x)} dx$$

$$x_{\lambda}$$
for $y < 0$
(IV-5b)

where

$$v(x) = \lim_{y\to 0} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \psi(x,y)$$
.

v(x) may be obtained directly from the tangential flow boundary condition, and

$$\omega = \frac{k^2 (1-m^2)}{m^4}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{k}{m^2} \sqrt{1+m^2} \approx \frac{k}{m^2}$$
 (where this paper employs the approximation used by Gorelov [4])

 x_{ℓ} = blade leading edge,

Gorelov [4], has proposed a further simplification.

Set

$$z = my$$
 (IV-6a)

$$\Psi(x,z) = \psi(x,y) e^{i\lambda x}. \qquad (IV-6b)$$

Equation (IV-4) then becomes

$$\Psi_{\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}} - \Psi_{\mathbf{Z}\mathbf{Z}} + \omega^2 \Psi = 0$$

with solution

$$\Psi(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{z}) = -\frac{1}{m} \int_{\mathbf{x}_{\ell}} \mathbf{v}(\mathbf{s}) J_{0}[\omega \sqrt{(\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{s})^{2}-\mathbf{z}^{2}}] e^{i\lambda \mathbf{s}} d\mathbf{s} \qquad (IV-7a)$$

z > 0

$$\Psi(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{z}) = \frac{1}{m} \int_{\mathbf{x}_{\ell}} \mathbf{v}(\mathbf{s}) J_{o}[\omega \sqrt{(\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{s})^{2}-\mathbf{z}^{2}}] e^{i\lambda \mathbf{s}} d\mathbf{s}$$
 (IV-7b)

where

$$v(x) = me^{-i\lambda x} \lim_{z \to 0} \frac{\Psi_z(x,z)}{z}$$

v(x) is obtained from the tangential flow boundary condition.

For a thin body immersed in the flow, the solutions for y > 0, z > 0, and y < 0, z < 0 apply above the body along left-running Mach lines, or below along right running Mach lines respectively.

B. BOUNDARY CONDITIONS

1. Flow Tangency Condition

The boundary condition comes from the tangential flow condition, (III-18)

$$v(x) = [1 + ik(x - x_0)]$$
 (IV-8)

2. Upstream Condition

The final linearlized equation is a hyperbolic differential equation with boundary condition

$$\psi(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y}) = 0 \tag{IV-9}$$

when

for the solution shown in equations (IV-5) or

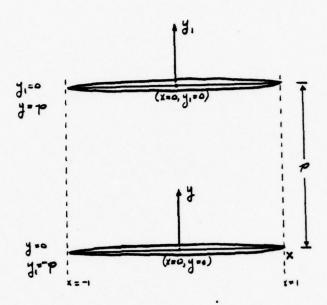
$$\Psi\left(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{z}\right) = 0$$

when

for the solution shown in equations (IV-7).

V. PROBLEM FORMULATION

A. CO-ORDINATE SYSTEM



Assume the geometry shown above. Both blades are thin airfoils of semichord c. All measurements are non-dimensional, normalized to c. The (x,y) co-ordinate system has its origin at the center of the reference (lower) blade. The (x,y_1) system is centered at the middle of the adjacent (upper) blade. The origin of the (x,y_1) system is located at (0,p) in the reference system. Generalizing this convention, the same symbols shall be used for the same quantities on both blades. Where discrimination is required, the quantity associated with the adjacent blade will be marked with

superscript ¹, the quantity associated with the reference blade will be either unsuperscripted or marked with a superscript ⁰.

Each blade is assumed to perform a small amplitude harmonic oscillation about its mid-chord point. Both blades are assumed to have identical reduced frequencies, k, and the motion of the adjacent blade lags that of the reference blade by a phase angle σ .

The blades are immersed in a uniform flow from the left at M=1. The objective is to determine the oscillatory pressure distributions and aerodynamic forces generated by the blades' oscillations. Cascade solidity, $\tau=2/p$.

B. BOUNDARY CONDITIONS

1. Upstream Condition

Flow Tangency Condition

Along the reference blade

$$\lim_{y\to 0} \psi_{y}(x,y) = (1 + ikx) \qquad (V-2a)$$

Along the adjacent blade

$$\lim_{y_1 \to 0} \psi_{y_1}(x,y_1) = (1 + ikx)e^{i\sigma}$$
 (V-2b)

where

 σ is the phase angle between the blades oscillations

C. BASIC SOLUTION TECHNIQUE

Assume that the unsteady potential, ψ , may be written as the sum of four components

$$\psi(x,y) = \phi^{0}(x,y) + \psi^{0}(x,y) + \phi^{1}(x,y_{1}) + \psi^{1}(x,y_{1})$$
 (V-3)

where:

φ^O = potential due to the reference blade alone, known from equation (IV-7)

\$\phi^1\$ = potential due to the adjacent blade
alone, known from equation (IV-7)

 ψ^{O} = interference potential required to satisfy tangential flow condition along reference blade, unknown

 ψ^1 = interference potential required to satisfy tangential flow condition along adjacent blade, unknown.

This total potential must satisfy the tangential flow condition at the plane of both the reference and adjacent blades. Thus

$$\phi_{Y}^{O}(x,y=0) + \phi_{Y_{1}}^{1}(x,y_{1}=-p) + \psi_{Y}^{O}(x,y=0) + \psi_{Y_{1}}^{1}(x,y_{1}=-p)$$

$$= (1 + ikx)$$
(V-4a)

at the reference blade, and

$$\phi^{\circ}(x,y=p) + \phi^{1}_{Y_{1}}(x,y_{1}=0) + \psi^{\circ}_{Y}(x,y=p) + \psi^{1}_{Y_{1}}(x,y_{1}=0)$$

$$= (1 + ikx) e^{i\sigma} \qquad (V-4b)$$

at the adjacent blade.

But from the unsteady potential solution for a single oscillating blade one has

$$\phi_{\mathbf{y}}^{\mathbf{O}}(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y}=0) = 1 + i\mathbf{k}\mathbf{x} \tag{V-5a}$$

and

$$\phi_{y_1}^1(x,y_1=0) = (1 + ikx) e^{i\sigma}$$
 (V-5b)

Thus

$$\phi_{Y_1}^1(x,y_1=-p) + \psi_{Y_1}^1(x,y_1=-p) + \psi_{Y}^0(x,y=0) = 0$$
 (V-6a)

along the reference blade, and

$$\phi_{y}^{O}(x,y=p) + \psi_{y}^{O}(x,y=p) + \psi_{y_{1}}^{1}(x,y_{1}=0) = 0$$
 (V-6b) along the adjacent blade.

From equation (IV-7)

$$\phi^{O}(x,y) = -\frac{1}{m} \int_{-1}^{x-my} v^{O}(s) J_{O}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2} - (my)^{2}}] e^{i\lambda (s-x)} ds$$

$$y > 0 \qquad (V-7a)$$

$$= \frac{1}{m} \int_{0}^{x+my} v^{0}(s) J_{0}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-(my)^{2}}] e^{i\lambda (s-x)} ds$$
-1
$$y < 0 \qquad (V-7b)$$

where

$$v^{O}(s) = 1 + iks$$

$$\lambda = k/m^{2}$$

$$m = (\gamma+1)w$$

$$\omega = \frac{k^{2}(1-m^{2})}{m^{4}}$$

$$w = mean value of ϕ_{x} in the channel$$

$$\phi^{1}(x,y_{1}) = -\frac{1}{m} \int_{-1}^{x-my_{1}} v^{1}(s)J_{0}[\omega\sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-(my_{1})^{2}}]e^{i\lambda(s-x)} ds$$

$$y_{1} > 0 \qquad (IV-8a)$$

$$= \frac{1}{m} \int_{-1}^{x+my_1} v^1(s) J_0[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^2 - (my_1)^2}] e^{i\lambda (s-x)} ds$$

$$y_1 < 0 \qquad (IV-8b)$$

where

$$v^1(s) = (1 + iks)e^{i\sigma}$$

Henceforth attention will be restricted to the flow within the channel, $0 \le y \le p$, $-p \le y_1 \le 0$ leaving (IV-7a) and (IV-8b) as the governing equations of interest.

The two interference potentials are assumed to have forms identical to (IV-7a) and (IV-8b).

Set

$$\psi^{O}(x,y) = -\frac{1}{m} \int_{-1}^{x-my} u^{O}(s) J_{O}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2} - (my)^{2}}] e^{i\lambda(s-x)} ds$$

$$y > 0 \qquad (V-9a)$$

$$\psi^{1}(x,y_{1}) = \frac{1}{m} \int_{-1}^{x+m} u^{1}(s) J_{0}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2} - (my_{1})^{2}}] e^{i\lambda (s-x)} ds$$

$$y_{1} < 0$$
(V-9b)

where

 $u^{O}(s)$ and $u^{1}(s)$ are unknown functions to be determined so as to satisfy equations (V-6)

Substitution of (V - 7a), (V - 8b) and (V - 9) into (V - 6) yields

$$u^{\circ}(x) + \psi_{Y_{1}}^{1}(x, y_{1} = -p) + \phi_{Y_{1}}^{\circ}(x, y_{1} = -p) = 0$$
 (V-10a)

$$u^{1}(x) + \psi_{Y}^{O}(x,y=p) + \phi_{Y}^{O}(x,y=p) = 0$$
 (V-10b)

Recalling Gorelov's transformation discussed in [4] and shown in equations (IV-6) above, set

$$\Phi^{O}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{z}) = \Phi^{O}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \quad e^{i\lambda \mathbf{x}}$$

$$\Phi^{I}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{z}_{1}) = \Phi^{I}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}_{1}) \quad e^{i\lambda \mathbf{x}}$$

$$\Psi^{O}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{z}) = \Psi^{O}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \quad e^{i\lambda \mathbf{x}}$$

$$\Psi^{I}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{z}_{1}) = \Psi^{I}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}_{1}) \quad e^{i\lambda \mathbf{x}}$$

where z = my $z_1 = my$

Then

$$\frac{e^{i\lambda x}}{m} u^{O}(x) + \Phi_{z_{1}}^{1}(x, z_{1} = -x_{*}) + \Psi_{z_{1}}^{1}(x, z_{1} = -x_{*}) = 0$$
 (V-11a)

and

$$\frac{e^{i\lambda x}}{m} u^{1}(x) + \phi_{z}^{0}(x, z = x_{*}) + \psi_{z}^{0}(x, z = x_{*}) = 0 \quad (V-11b)$$

where

$$x_{\perp} = mp$$

To employ the collocation method, assume that $u^1(x)$ and $u^0(x)$ can be approximated as the sum of a set of elementary functions f_j so that

$$u^{\circ}(x) \approx \sum_{j=0}^{n} \theta_{j}^{\circ} f_{j}(x) \qquad (V-12a)$$

$$u^{1}(x) \approx \sum_{j=0}^{n} \theta_{j}^{1} f_{j}(x) \qquad (V-12b)$$

where $f_j(x) = 0$ when $x \le x_*-1$

Note that here both u^{O} and u^{1} are expressed in terms of the same elementary functions, f_{i} .

Because of the slightly supersonic nature of the problem observe that $u^{O}(x) = 0$ and $u^{1}(x) = 0$ when $x \le x_{\star}$ -1.

Equations (V-12) may now be rewritten as

$$e^{i\lambda x} \sum_{j} \theta_{j}^{O} f_{j}(x) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{1}} \sum_{x_{*}-1}^{x+z_{1}} \sum_{j} \theta_{j}^{1} f_{j}(s) J_{O}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-z_{1}^{2}}] e^{i\lambda s} ds$$

$$= -e^{i\sigma} \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{1}} \int_{-1}^{x+z_{1}} (1+iks) J_{O}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-z_{1}^{2}}] e^{i\lambda s} ds$$

$$at z_{1} = -x_{*} \qquad (V-13a)$$

$$e^{i\lambda x} \left[\theta_{j}^{1} f_{j}(x) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right] \left[\theta_{j}^{0} f_{j}(s) J_{0}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2} - z}] e^{i\lambda s} ds$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \int_{-1}^{x+z} (1+iks) J_{0}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2} - z^{2}}] e^{i\lambda s} ds$$
at $z = x_{+}$ (V-13b)

where

$$f_{\dot{1}}(x) = 0$$
 for $x \le x_{\star} - 1$

This simplifies to

$$e^{i\lambda x} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} (x) + \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \{\frac{\partial}{\partial z_{1}} \int_{x_{\star}-1}^{x+z_{1}} f_{j}(s) J_{o}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-z_{1}^{2}}] e^{i\lambda s} ds \}$$

$$= -e^{i\sigma} \frac{\partial}{\partial z_1} \int_{-1}^{x+z_1} (1+iks) J_0[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^2 - z_1^2}] e^{i\lambda s} ds$$

at
$$z_1 = -x_*$$
 (V-14a)

and

$$e^{i\lambda x} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} f_{j}(x) - \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} f_{j}(x) - \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} f_{j}(x) \int_{0}^{\infty} f$$

at $z = x_*$ where

$$f_{\dagger}(x) = 0$$
 for $x \leq x_{\star}-1$.

Performing the indicated differentiation yields

$$e^{i\lambda x} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} f_{j}(x) + \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} f_{j}(x) = \frac{\int_{j}^{\infty} f_{j}(x) \frac{\int_{j}^{\infty} [\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-x_{*}^{2}}] \omega x_{*} e^{i\lambda s} ds}{\sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-x_{*}^{2}}} + f_{j}(x-x_{*}) e^{i\lambda (x-x_{*})}$$

$$= e^{i\sigma} \{-\int_{-1}^{\infty} (1+iks) \frac{\omega x_{*} J_{1}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-x_{*}^{2}}] e^{i\lambda s} ds}{\sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-x_{*}^{2}}} - [1+ik(x-x_{*})] e^{i\lambda (x-x_{*})} \}$$

$$= [1+ik(x-x_{*})] e^{i\lambda (x-x_{*})}$$

$$= (V-15a)$$

and

$$e^{i\lambda x} \sum_{j=1}^{n} f_{j}(x) + \sum_{j=1}^{n} f_{j}(s) = \frac{\int_{1}^{n} [\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2} - x_{*}^{2}}] \omega x_{*} e^{i\lambda s} ds}{\sqrt{(x-s)^{2} - x_{*}^{2}}}$$

$$+ f_{j}(x-x_{*}) e^{i\lambda (x-x_{*})}$$

$$= - \int_{-1}^{x-x_{*}} (1+iks) \frac{\omega x_{*} J_{1}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2} - x_{*}^{2}} e^{i\lambda s} ds}{\sqrt{(x-s)^{2} - x_{*}^{2}}} - [1+ik(x-x_{*})] e^{i\lambda (x-x_{*})}$$

$$= - \int_{-1}^{x-x_{*}} (1+iks) \frac{\omega x_{*} J_{1}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2} - x_{*}^{2}} e^{i\lambda s} ds}{\sqrt{(x-s)^{2} - x_{*}^{2}}} - [1+ik(x-x_{*})] e^{i\lambda (x-x_{*})}$$

$$= (V-15b)$$

Gorelov's formulation, equations [2.6, 2.7, 2.8, and 2.9] of [4], can be obtained directly from equations (V-15) by substituting

$$f_{j}(x) = \cos j\eta - \cos j\eta_{*}$$

$$v^{0} = \int_{j=0}^{n} \mu_{j}^{0} \cos j\eta_{*}$$

$$v^{1} = \int_{j=0}^{n} \mu_{j}^{1} \cos j\eta_{*}$$

where:

$$\eta = \cos (-x)$$

$$\eta_{\star} = \cos (1-x_{\star})$$

In comparing the two systems care must be taken to note the differing symbols and coordinate systems. The corresponding quantities are:

Here
$$in[4]$$
 $\theta_{j}^{O}, \theta_{j}^{l}$
 v_{OG}, v_{iG}
 μ_{j}^{O}, μ_{j}^{l}
 $\eta = \cos^{-1}(-x)$
 $\eta = \cos^{-1}(1-x)$
 $\eta_{\star} = \cos^{-1}(1-x_{\star})$
 $\eta_{\star} = \cos^{-1}(1-x_{\star})$
 $\eta_{\star} = \cos^{-1}(1-x_{\star})$

Here $-1 \le x \le 1$; in [4] $0 \le x \le 2$. This transformation accounts for the differing definitions of η . Making the substitutions results in the system

$$\sum_{j=0}^{n} \{\theta_{j}^{\circ}[\cos j\eta - (1-\delta_{o1}) \cos j\eta_{*}]$$

$$+ \theta_{j}^{1} \sum_{x_{*}-1}^{x-x_{*}} \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{1}} J_{o}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-z_{1}^{2}}] [\cos j\hat{\eta} - (1-\delta_{io})\cos j\eta_{*}] e^{i\lambda s} ds$$

$$+ \theta_{i}^{1}[\cos j\bar{\eta} - (1-\delta_{io})\cos j\eta_{*}] e^{i\lambda (x-x_{*})} \}$$

$$= -\sum_{j=0}^{n} \{-\mu_{j}^{1}\} \int_{-1}^{x-x_{*}} \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{1}} J_{o}[\sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-z_{1}^{2}}] \cos j\hat{\eta} e^{i\lambda s} ds$$

$$- \mu_{j}^{1} \cos j\bar{\eta} e^{i\lambda (x-x_{*})} \}$$

$$= -x_{*}$$

$$(V-16a)$$

 $x > x_{\star}-1$

and

where:

$$\eta = \arccos(-x)$$

$$\eta_{\star} = \arccos(1-x_{\star})$$

$$\overline{\eta} = \arccos(-s)$$

$$\hat{\eta} = \arccos(-x+x_{\star})$$

$$\delta_{\overline{0}j} = \text{Dirac } \delta \text{ function } = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } j = 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } j \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

Given the change in coordinates and notation, this system is equivalent to that shown in [4].

This was the system programmed for computer solution. Because the function, $f_j(x)$, is unaffected by the differentiation with respect to y (or z) the exact form used need not be specified, so that the system shown in (V-15) may be programmed with f undetermined. A subroutine may be written to return the function desired and the remaining program left perfectly general. In the program developed with this thesis both the Gorelov functions shown above and the Legendre polynomials were employed. All the integrals may now be evaluated at n+1 points, x_i , on both blades in mp-1 < x_i < 1 and the resulting linear system solved for θ_j^0 and θ_j^1 , $j=1,2,\ldots,n+1$.

The interference potentials may be constructed by taking

$$\Psi^{O}(x,z) = \frac{-1}{m} \int_{1}^{x-z} \left[\int_{j}^{O} \theta_{j}^{O} f_{j}(x) \right] J_{O}\left[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-z^{2}} \right] e^{i\lambda s} ds$$

$$z > 0 \qquad (V-17a)$$

$$\Psi^{1}(x,z_{1}) = \frac{1}{m} \int_{-1}^{x+z_{1}} [\sum \theta_{j}^{1}f_{j}(x)] J_{0}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-z_{1}^{2}}] e^{i\lambda s} ds$$

$$z_{1} < 0 \qquad (V-17b)$$

where

$$f_{\dot{1}}(x) = 0$$
, for all $x \leq x_{\star}-1$

Once the potentials have been calculated as outlined above, the surface pressure may be calculated using the relationship

$$C_{p} = -2(\psi_{x} + ik\psi) \qquad (V-18a)$$

$$= -2[\Psi_{x} + i(k-\lambda)\Psi] e^{-i\lambda x} \qquad (V-18b)$$

Because all the plates are assumed to be in steady oscillation with uniform phase shift, σ , between neighboring plates, then

$$v^{1}(x) = v^{0}(x)e^{i\sigma}$$
, $u^{1}(x) = u^{0}(x)e^{i\sigma}$, $\psi(x,y) = -\psi(x,-y)$

in this case

$$C_{\mathcal{L}_{\alpha}} = 2 \int_{-1}^{1} [\Psi_{\mathbf{x}}(\mathbf{x}, +0) + i(\mathbf{k} - \lambda) \Psi(\mathbf{x}, +0)] e^{-i\lambda \mathbf{x}} d\mathbf{x}$$
 (V-19)

where

Results from this approach, in the form of values of C $_{\ell_\alpha}$ for k = 0.1, at various values of w are presented in the results for

approximations based both on Gorelov's formulation, and on the Legendre polynomials.

D. COLLOCATION SOLUTION OF THE POTENTIAL EQUATION EXPANDED FOR SMALL k,

In order to provide a partially independent check of the results of the main program, the Gorelov function representation of the collocation solution was expanded for small k, and solved at two collocation points, n=2. The resulting potentials, and partial derivatives with respect to x and y were then used to replace the corresponding numerical routines in the main program. The output resulting from the approximations were compared with the purely numerical results obtained from the computer program.

1. Solution For The Unknown Potential Coefficients

The basic system of linear equations used to determine the unknown coefficients is

$$\frac{1}{m}e^{i\lambda x}u^{0} + \phi_{z_{1}}^{1} + \psi_{z_{1}}^{1} = 0 , z = 0, z_{1} = -x_{\star} = -mp$$
 (V-21a)

$$\frac{1}{m}e^{i\lambda x}u^{1} + \phi_{z}^{0} + \psi_{z}^{0} = 0$$
 , $z_{1} = 0$, $z = x_{\star} = mp$ (V-21b)

where

$$0 = u^{\circ}(x) = u^{1}(x)$$
 when $x < -1 + x_{+}$

otherwise

$$u^{\circ} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \theta_{j}^{\circ}(\cos j\eta - \cos j\eta_{*}) + \theta_{o}^{\circ}$$

$$u^{1} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \theta_{j}^{1}(\cos j\eta - \cos j\eta_{*}) + \theta_{0}^{1}$$

where

$$\eta = arc cos (-x)$$

$$\eta_{\star} = \text{arc cos } (1-x_{\star})$$
.

Thus, for n = 2, the system becomes

$$e^{i\lambda x}\{\theta_0^0 + \theta_1^0(\cos \eta - \cos \eta_*)\}$$

+
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z_1}$$
 $\int_{-1}^{x+z_1} v^1(s) J_0 \left[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^2 - z_1^2}\right] e^{i\lambda s} ds$

$$+ \frac{\partial}{\partial z_1} \int_{\mathbf{x_*} - 1} \mathbf{u}^1(\mathbf{s}) J_0[\omega \sqrt{(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{s})^2 - z_1^2}] e^{i\lambda \mathbf{s}} d\mathbf{s} = 0$$

$$z_1 = -x_* \tag{V-22a}$$

along the reference blade and

$$e^{i\lambda x}\{\theta_{0}^{1}+\theta_{1}^{1}(\cos\eta-\cos\eta_{\star})\}-\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\int\limits_{-1}^{x-z}v^{O}(s)J_{O}[\omega\sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-z^{2}}]e^{i\lambda s}ds$$

$$-\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \int_{\mathbf{x_{\star}}^{-1}} \mathbf{u}^{0}(s) J_{0}[\omega \sqrt{(\mathbf{x-s})^{2} - z^{2}}] e^{i\lambda s} ds . \quad (V-22b)$$

along the adjacent blade

where
$$u^{\circ}(s) = \theta_{o}^{\circ} + \theta_{1}^{\circ}(\cos \eta - \cos \eta_{\star})$$
$$u^{1}(s) = \theta_{o}^{1} + \theta_{1}^{1}(\cos \eta - \cos \eta_{\star})$$

$$v^{O}(s) = 1 + iks$$

 $v^{I}(s) = (1 + iks)e^{i\sigma}$

For k sufficiently small, this system may be further simplified by the following approximations

$$J_{o}[\omega \overline{(x-s)^{2}-z^{2}}] \approx 1 - O(\omega^{2}) \approx 1 \qquad (V-23a)$$

$$J_{o}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-z^{2}}] \approx 1 - O(\omega^{2}) \approx 1 \qquad (V-23b)$$

$$e^{i\lambda x} \approx 1 + i\lambda x - O(\lambda^{2}x^{2}) \approx 1 + i\lambda x$$

$$e^{i\lambda s} \approx 1 + i\lambda s - O(\lambda^{2}s^{2}) \approx 1 + i\lambda s$$

where $0(\omega^2)$ means "of the order of magnitude of ω^2 " $-1 \le x \le 1 , \quad -1 \le s \le x - x_*$ $\lambda = k/m^2, \quad \omega^2 = \frac{k^2(1-m^2)}{m^4}$

The interference source distributions may be replaced by

$$u^{\circ}(s) = \theta^{\circ}_{0} + \theta^{\circ}_{1}(-s + x_{*}-1)$$

$$u^{1}(s) = \theta_{0}^{1} + \theta_{1}^{1}(-s + x_{\star}-1)$$
.

If higher order terms are neglected, the result is a system linear in k and λ

$$(1+i\lambda x) \left[\theta_{0}^{O} + \theta_{1}^{O}(-x-1+x_{*})\right] + \frac{\partial e^{i\sigma}}{\partial z_{1}} \int_{-1}^{x+z_{1}} (1+iks) (1+i\lambda s) ds$$

$$+ \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{1}} \int_{x_{*}-1}^{x+z_{1}} [\theta_{0}^{1} + \theta_{1}^{1}(-s-1+x_{*})] (1+i\lambda s) ds = 0$$

$$z_{1} = -x_{*}$$
 (V-24a)

$$(1+i\lambda x) [\theta_{0}^{1} + \theta_{1}^{1}(-x-1+x_{*})] - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \int_{-1}^{x-z} (1-iks) (1+i\lambda s) ds$$

$$-\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \int_{\mathbf{x_{\star}}-1}^{\mathbf{x-z}} [\theta_{0}^{O} + \theta_{1}^{O}(-\dot{s}-1+\mathbf{x_{\star}})] (1+i\lambda s) ds = 0$$

$$z = \mathbf{x_{\star}}$$

$$(V-24b)$$

Product terms containing $(k\lambda) = \frac{k^2}{m^2}$ may be neglected as of higher order in k, yielding

$$(1+i\lambda x) \left[\theta_{0}^{\circ} + \theta_{1}^{\circ}(-x-1+x_{*})\right] + \frac{\partial e^{i\sigma}}{\partial z_{1}} \int_{-1}^{x+z_{1}} [1+i(\lambda+k)s]ds$$

$$+ \frac{\partial}{\partial z_1} \int_{\mathbf{x_{\star}}-1}^{\mathbf{x+z_1}} \{ [\theta_0^1 + \theta_1^1(-s-1+x_{\star})] \}$$

+
$$i\lambda s[\theta_0^1 + \theta_1^1(-s-1+x_*)]ds = 0$$

$$z_1 = -x_* \qquad (V-25a)$$

$$(1+i\lambda x) \left[\theta_{0}^{1} + \theta_{1}^{1}(-x-1+x_{*})\right] - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \int_{-1}^{x-z} [1+i(\lambda+k)s]ds$$

Evaluating the indicated derivatives yields

$$(1+i\lambda x) [\theta_{o}^{1}+\theta_{1}^{1}(-x-1+x_{*})] + [1+i(\lambda+k)(x-x_{*})]$$

$$+ \{ [\theta_{o}^{0}+\theta_{1}^{0}(2x_{*}-x-1)] + i\lambda(x-x_{*}) [\theta_{o}^{0}+\theta_{1}^{0}(2x_{*}-x-1)] \} = 0$$

$$(V-26b)$$

Thus:

$$\theta_{O}^{O}(1+i\lambda x) + \theta_{1}^{O}[(-x-1+x_{*}) + i\lambda x(-x-1+x_{*})]$$

$$+ \theta_{0}^{1}[1 i\lambda (x-x_{*})] + \theta_{1}^{1}[(2x_{*}-x-1) + i\lambda (x-x_{*})(2x_{*}-x-1)]$$

$$= -e^{i\sigma}[1 + i(k+\lambda)(x-x_{*})] \qquad (V-27a)$$

$$\theta_{0}^{1}[1 + i\lambda x] + \theta_{1}^{1}[(-x+1-x_{*}) + i\lambda x(-x+1-x_{*})]$$

$$+ \theta_{0}^{O}[1+i\lambda x(x-x_{*})] + \theta_{1}^{O}[(2x_{*}-x-1)+i\lambda (x-x_{*})(2x_{*}-x-1)]$$

$$= -[1 + i(\lambda+k)(x-x_{*})] \qquad (V-27b)$$

This system may be solved at two points, x_1 and x_2 , for θ_0^0 , θ_1^0 , θ_0^1 , and θ_1^1 .

2. Calculation Of The Potential

The potential is given by

$$\psi(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y}) = \Psi(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{z})e^{-i\lambda\mathbf{x}} \qquad (V-28)$$

where

$$\Psi(x,z) = -\frac{1}{m} \int_{-1}^{x} [v^{\circ}(s) + u^{\circ}(s)] J_{\circ}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}}] e^{i\lambda s} ds$$

$$+ \frac{1}{m} \int_{-1}^{x-x_{*}} [v^{1}(s) + u^{1}(s)] J_{1}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-x_{*}^{2}}] e^{i\lambda s} ds.$$

 $u^{0}(s) = u^{1}(s) = 0$ for all $s \le x_{*}-1$.

Thus

$$\begin{array}{lll} \Psi({\bf x},{\bf z}) & = & -\frac{1}{m} \int\limits_{-1}^{x} {\bf v}^{\rm O}({\bf s}) J_{\rm O}[\omega \sqrt{({\bf x}-{\bf s})^{\,2}}] {\rm e}^{{\rm i}\lambda {\bf s}} {\rm d}{\bf s} \\ & & -\frac{1}{m} \int\limits_{-1}^{x} {\bf u}^{\rm O}({\bf s}) J_{\rm O}[\omega \sqrt{({\bf x}-{\bf s})^{\,2}}] {\rm e}^{{\rm i}\lambda {\bf s}} {\rm d}{\bf s} \\ & & + \frac{1}{m} \int\limits_{-1}^{x-x_{\star}} {\bf v}^{\rm I}({\bf s}) J_{\rm O}[\omega \sqrt{({\bf x}-{\bf s})^{\,2}-x_{\star}^{\,2}}] {\rm e}^{{\rm i}\lambda {\bf s}} {\rm d}{\bf s} \\ & & + \frac{1}{m} \int\limits_{x_{\star}-1}^{x-x_{\star}} {\bf v}^{\rm I}({\bf s}) J_{\rm O}[\omega \sqrt{({\bf x}-{\bf s})^{\,2}-x_{\star}^{\,2}}] {\rm e}^{{\rm i}\lambda {\bf s}} {\rm d}{\bf s} \end{array}$$

Making the same small frequency approximations as in the previous section yields

$$\Psi(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{z}) = -\frac{1}{m} \int_{-1}^{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{v}^{\circ}(\mathbf{s}) (1+i\lambda\mathbf{s}) d\mathbf{s}$$

$$-\frac{1}{m} \int_{\mathbf{x}^{*}} \mathbf{u}^{\circ}(\mathbf{s}) (1+i\lambda\mathbf{s}) d\mathbf{s}$$

$$+\frac{1}{m} \int_{-1}^{\mathbf{x}^{*}} \mathbf{v}^{1}(\mathbf{s}) (1+i\lambda\mathbf{s}) d\mathbf{s}$$

$$+\frac{1}{m} \int_{\mathbf{x}^{*}} \mathbf{v}^{1}(\mathbf{s}) (1+i\lambda\mathbf{s}) d\mathbf{s}$$

From the general formulation

$$\Psi = \Phi^{1} + \Phi^{0} + \Psi^{1} + \Psi^{0} \tag{V-31}$$

Thus, along the reference blade

$$-m\Phi^{O}(x,z=0) = \int v^{O}(s) (1+i\lambda s) ds = \int (1+iks) (1+i\lambda s) ds$$

$$-1 -1$$

$$= \int [1+i(k+\lambda)s] ds = [s+i(k+\lambda)\frac{s^{2}}{2}]^{x}$$

$$-1$$

$$= x + i\frac{(k+\lambda)}{2}x + 1 - i(\frac{k+\lambda}{2})$$

$$\phi^{O}(x,z=0) = -\frac{1}{m}[(1+x) + i(\frac{k+\lambda}{2})(x^{2}-1)]$$
 (V-33)

By inspection

$$\phi^{1}(x,z_{1}=-x_{\star}) = \frac{e^{i\sigma}}{m} \{(1+x-x_{\star}) + i(\frac{k+\lambda}{2})[(x-x_{\star})^{2}-1]\}$$
 (V-34)

$$-m\Psi^{O}(x,z=0) = \int u^{O}(s) (1+i\lambda s) ds$$

$$x_{\star}-1$$
(V-35)

$$= \int_{0}^{x} [\theta_{0}^{0} + \theta_{1}^{0}(-s+x_{*}-1)](1+i\lambda s) ds$$

$$x_{*}-1$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \theta_{0}^{0}(1+i\lambda s) + \theta_{1}^{0}(-s+x_{\star}-1)(1+i\lambda s) ds$$

$$x_{\star}-1$$

$$= \theta_0^{\circ} [(x+1-x_*) + \frac{i\lambda}{2}(x^2-x_*^2+2x_*-1)]$$

$$+ \int_{1}^{\infty} \theta_{1}^{\circ} [-x+x_{*}-1+i\lambda(-s^{2}+sx_{*}-s)] ds$$

$$x_{*}-1$$

$$= \theta_0^0[(x+1-x_*) + \frac{i\lambda}{2}(x^2-x_*^2+2x_*-1)]$$

+
$$\theta_{1}^{O} \{ (-\frac{s^{2}}{2} + sx_{*} - s) + i\lambda (-\frac{s^{3}}{3} + \frac{s^{2}x_{*} - s^{2}}{2}) \}_{x_{*}-1}^{x} \}$$
 (V-36)

$$= \theta_{0}^{\circ} [(x+1-x_{*}) + \frac{i\lambda}{2}(x^{2}-x_{*}^{2}+2x_{*}-1)]$$

$$+ \theta_{1}^{\circ} \{(-\frac{x^{2}}{2}+x_{*}-x) - [-\frac{(x_{*}-1)^{2}}{2}+x_{*}(x_{*}-1) - (x_{*}-1)]$$

$$+ i\lambda [(-\frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{x^{2}x_{*}}{2} - \frac{x^{2}}{2}) + \frac{(x_{*}-1)^{3}}{3} \times \frac{(x_{*}-1)^{2}}{2} + \frac{(x_{*}-1)^{2}}{2}] \}$$

$$= \theta_{0}^{\circ} [(x+1-x_{*}) + \frac{i\lambda}{2}(x^{2}-x_{*}^{2}+2x_{*}-1)]$$

$$+ \theta_{1}^{\circ} - \frac{x^{2}}{2} + x(x_{*}-1) + \frac{(x_{*}-1)^{2}}{2} - (x_{*}-1)^{2}$$

$$+ i\lambda [-\frac{x^{3}}{3} + x^{2} + \frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{x^{2}}{2} - x_{*} + \frac{1}{2}] \}$$

$$= \theta_{0}^{\circ} [(x+1-x_{*}) + \frac{i\lambda}{2}(x^{2} - x_{*}^{2} + 2x_{*} - 1)]$$

$$+ \theta_{1}^{\circ} \{-\frac{x^{2}}{2} + x(x_{*}-1) - \frac{(x_{*}-1)^{2}}{2} + \frac{x^{2}}{2} - \frac{x_{*}}{2} + \frac{1}{6}] \}$$

$$+ i\lambda [-\frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{x^{2}(x_{*}-1)}{2} - \frac{x^{3}}{6} + \frac{x^{2}}{2} - \frac{x_{*}}{2} + \frac{1}{6}] \}$$

$$\Psi^{O} = -\frac{1}{m} \{\theta_{O}^{O}[(x+1-x_{*}) + \frac{i\lambda}{2}(x^{2} + x_{*}^{2} + 2x_{*}-1)] + \theta_{1}^{O}\{-\frac{x^{2}}{2} + x(x_{*}-1) - \frac{(x_{*}-1)^{2}}{2} + i\lambda[-\frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{x^{2}(x_{*}-1)}{2} - \frac{(x_{*}-1)^{3}}{6}]\}\}$$
 (V-37)

 $m\psi^1(x,z_1=-x_*)$ may be evaluted by substituting $x-x_*$ for x in the expression for $m\Psi^0$ and exchanging θ^1_0 and θ^1_1 for θ^0_0 and θ^0_1

$$m\Psi^{1}(x,z_{1}=-x_{*}) = \theta_{0}^{1}\{[(x-x_{*})+1-x_{*}] + \frac{i\lambda}{2}[(x-x_{*})^{2} - x_{*}^{2} + 2x_{*} - 1]\}$$

$$+ \theta_{1}^{1}\{-\frac{(x-x_{*})^{2}}{2} + (x-x_{*})(x_{*}-1) - \frac{(x_{*}-1)^{2}}{2}$$

$$+ i\lambda[-\frac{(x-x_{*})^{3}}{3} + \frac{x^{2}(x_{*}-1)}{2} - \frac{(x_{*}-1)^{3}}{6}]\} \qquad (V-38)$$

$$= \theta_0^1 (x+1-2x_*) + \frac{i\lambda}{2} [(x^2-2xx_*+x_2^2) - x_*^2 + 2x_* - 1]$$

$$+ \theta_1^1 \{ -\frac{(x^2-2xx_*+x_*^2)}{2} + (x - \frac{3}{2}x_* + \frac{1}{2}) (x_*-1)$$

$$+ i\lambda [-\frac{x^3}{3} + x^2x_* - xx_*^2 + \frac{x_*^3}{3} + (x^2-2xx_*+x_*^2) \frac{(x_*-1)}{2}$$

$$- \frac{(x_*-1)^3}{6}] \}$$

$$= \theta_0^1 \{ (x+1-2x_*) + \frac{i\lambda}{2} [x^2 - 2xx_* + 2x_* - 1]$$

$$+ \theta_1^1 \{ -\frac{x^2}{2} + xx_* - \frac{x_*^2}{2} + x(x-1) + \frac{1}{2} (1-3x_*) (x_*-1)$$

$$+ i\lambda [-\frac{x^3}{3} + x^2 \frac{(3x_*-1)}{2} + x(-\frac{x_*^2-2xx_*^2-1)}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{x_*^3}{3} + \frac{x_*^3}{2} - \frac{1}{2}] \}$$

$$\psi^1(x,z_1=x_*)$$

$$= \frac{1}{m} \{ \theta_0^1 \{ (x+1-2x_*) + \frac{i\lambda}{2} [x^2 - 2xx_* + 2x_* - 1]$$

$$+ \theta_1^1 \{ [-\frac{x^2}{2} + x(2x_*-1) - xx_*^2 + 2x_* - \frac{1}{2}]$$

$$+ i\lambda [-\frac{x^3}{3} + x^2 \frac{(3x_*-1)}{2} + x \frac{(-3x_*^2-1)}{2} + 5\frac{x_*^3}{6} - \frac{1}{2}] \} \}$$

A comparison of the results for the full program and the approximation is given below for $k=0.01,\,w=0.05,\,\sigma=\rho,$ n=2, yielding $\omega^2\approx 6.1\times 10^{-3},\,\lambda\approx 0.083$

(V - 39)

	Full program	Approx
x = .1285		
	ф -5.363, .327і	-5.379, .549i
	$\phi_{\mathbf{x}}$ -8.634, .361i	-8.66, .379i
x = .5643		
	φ -9.754, .809i	-9.804, 1.000i
	ϕ_{x} -12.234, .692i	-12.272, .7608i
Cl	+31.658,-3.1032i	C _λ 31.7019,-3.2165i

VI. RESULTS

The collocation method was used to solve the partial differential equation resulting from the Gorelov approximation of transonic potential flow in an unstaggered cascade. The system was solved using both the spanning functions proposed by Gorelov in [4], resulting in the equations (V-16); and the Legendre polynomials, resulting in equations (V-15) with f_j replaced by the Legendre polynomial, P_j . The resulting values of $C_{\frac{1}{2}\alpha}$ for k=.1, $\tau=1$, $\sigma=1$ and seven collocation points on each blade are presented in figures VI-2, VI-3, and VI-4.

Figure VI -1 presents a diagram which is useful in commenting on the other results. This shows the location of the collocation points and first three interference reflections as a function of w expressed as a percentage of that portion of the chord subject to reflection. The collocation points are equally spaced throughout this interval, 12.5% from the leading edge of the interference zone, 12.5% between each pair of points and 12.5% from the blade trailing edge. The independent variable, w, is plotted vertically so that the dependent variable, percent of chord subject to interference, may be more conveniently visualized along the blade. (The curves are not precisely linear, but are very nearly so in the range shown.)

Figure VI -2 shows the $c_{\ell_{\alpha}}$ calculated with k = 0.0 in comparison with the results obtained from Ackeret theory.

Agreement is good where there is no reflection and the portion of the blade subject to interference is affected by a constant interference potential, w > 0.11. Throughout the rest of the curve the results calculated here oscillate above and below the theoretical values. This appears to be due to the discrete nature of the approximation used in the collocation method. Rarely is the fraction of the chord subject to interference reflection equal to the fraction of the collocation points which feel it. Where the collocation point fraction lags, as near w = 0.6, the collocation results are lower than those due to Ackeret theory. When the collocation point fraction leads, as it does for w < .04 and briefly for w = .08, the the collocation results are higher than those due to Ackeret theory. The fault appears to be an intrinsic feature of the small number of points sampled. This results in a set of coefficients similar to those which would be obtained from a generalized Fourier series based on the integration of the Taylor series expansion about each point. This obviously cannot be a good approximation when both the function and its derivative are discontinuous at the reflections.

Figures VI -3 and VI -4 show the results of using Legendre polynomials and Gorelov's functions as spanning functions. The results for both formulations are identical. Gorelov's results are presented for comparison. Agreement is good for w > 0.05 except for an anomalous point, marked A .

It is believed that this anomaly is due to the location of the first reflection just ahead of the last collocation point (cf. "A" on Figure VI -1). This will yield a very small contribution from the reflection potential to the linear system from which the collocation points are determined. The resulting system will have a large dynamic range and may be ill-conditioned.

The discrepancy between these results, and those in [3] for w < 0.5 is still unexplained, as is the outlying value for w = 0.5.

The discontinuities in the imaginary results are believed to be due primarily to the reflection/collocation interaction explained above.

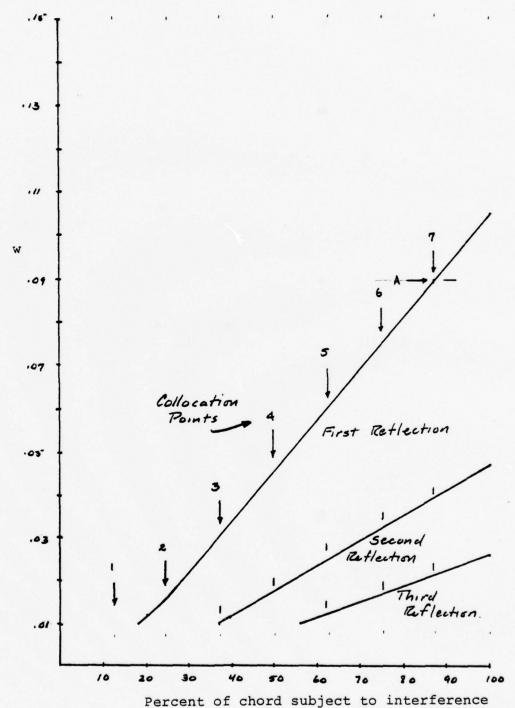


FIGURE VI-1. Location of Reflections and Collocation
Points Shown as Percent of Chord Subject
to Interference

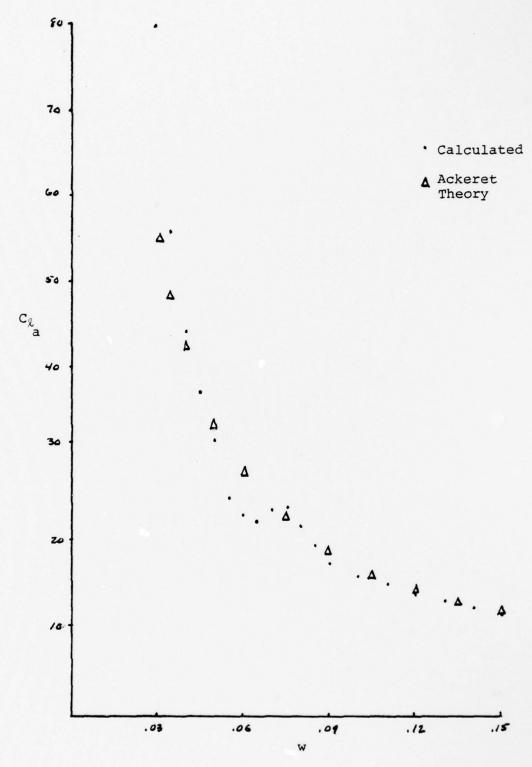


FIGURE VI-2. Comparison of $\text{C} \&_{\alpha}\text{-vs-w}$ to that Obtained from Ackeret Theory

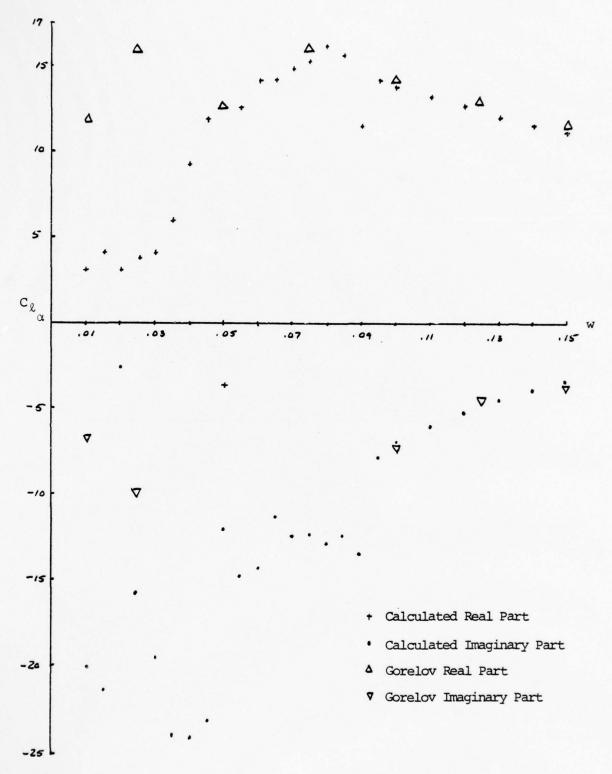


FIGURE VI-3. Plot of C&a-vs-w, Legendre Polynomials k = 0.1, τ = 1.0, σ = π , n = 7 compared with Gorelov's results

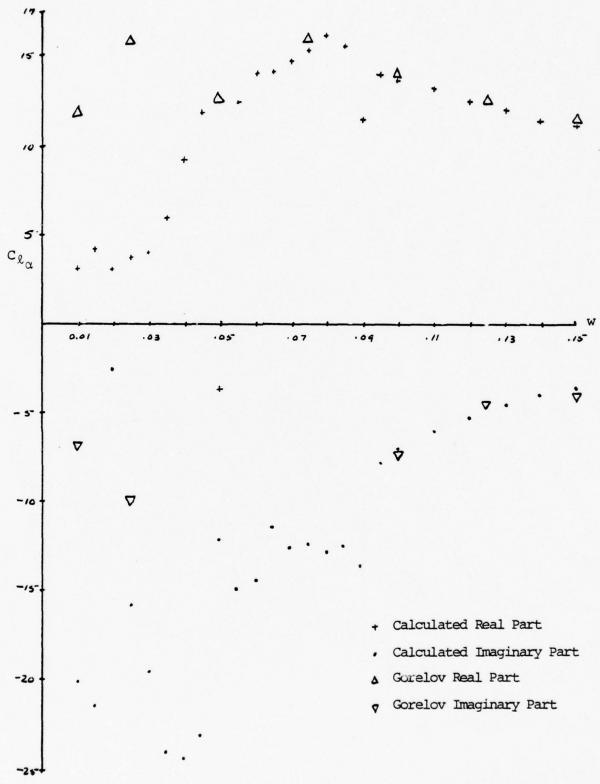


FIGURE VI-4. Plot of Cl_ α -vs-w, Gorelov Spanning Function k = 0.1, τ = 1.0, σ = π , n = 7 compared with Gorelov's results

VII . RECOMMENDATIONS

There are two recommendations to be made about the techniques used in the collocation method, and a new area in which it might be employed.

The program developed in the course of writing this thesis employs adaptive Simpson's integration to calculate the elements of a completely determined system. This system is solved to provide the coefficients of the spanning functions. Two improvements may be made:

- 1. The Simpson's integration scheme may be replaced by a Gaussian integrator. Experience has shown that several thousand function evaluations are required by the Simpson's integration routine when $C_{\frac{1}{2}\alpha}$ is to be evaluated for small w. This entails large amounts of computer time and leads to increased accumulations of numerical error. Use of Gaussian integration would probably improve both of these characteristics with little loss of accuracy.
- 2. The present program treats a completely determined system of dimension 2n+1 by 2n+1, and then solves that system to find the collocation coefficients. This procedure has worked satisfactorily in this thesis, but may not work as well at higher frequencies where the final linear system of equations may be ill-conditioned. As an alternative, it is recommended that the boundary conditions be applied at more than n points, say m points, where m is twice or three times as many points, and that the least squares technique be used to determine the

the collocation coefficients which give the minimum square error over-all. This may be thought of as "sampling more data" in order to get more information about the unknown function. The present program could be easily modified in this regard by replacing the spanning function matrix, Q1ZINT, by a new matrix of the form

$$QIZINT' = X^TX$$

where X is the new m by n+1 (m > n+1) matrix, and replacing the present right-hand-side vector, QlCOF with

$$Olcof' = x^Ty$$

where Y is the new m by 1 right-hand-side vector. An alternative would be to employ a prepackaged statistical linear regression routine after either modifying the routine to accept complex data, or transforming the present system into a larger system of real numbers only.

The new area in which the collocation method might be employed is the calculation of the potential flow about a staggered cascade. The method coud be employed to calculate both the potential in the channel and above the upper blade. The program presented has been designed to enable the

calculation of flow within the channel of a staggered cascade. Unfortunately, there was not enough time to extend the study to this case.

APPENDIX A

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

This section describes the computer program used to calculate the interference solution to the Gorelov linearization for unsteady transonic flow in a channel. The program written in IBM Fortran IV with the basic structure outlined by Stevens [5]. The basic points are:

- Organization of the program into small subroutines,
 each of which performs a specific task.
- Transmission data to and from subroutines via a formal parameter argument list. No common statements are used.

The end objective is code which is both easy to modify and maintain.

Each subroutine is designed with optional diagnostic printing of its input and output. This is controlled by the parameter IPT. The diagnostic output is printed (only) if IPT > 0. Each routine accepts IPT, sets IOT = IPT - 1, and then passes IOT as the print parameter to routines it calls. By this method, diagnostic output can be "cascaded" to any desired level. Large initial values of IPT should be avoided because of the spectacular amount of output which can be generated by the double integrals within QIDCOF.

Main Program; including subroutines READ and ABSA.
 The basic structure is given in Figure A-1. MAIN
 calls READ to read input data and then ABSA to calculate the

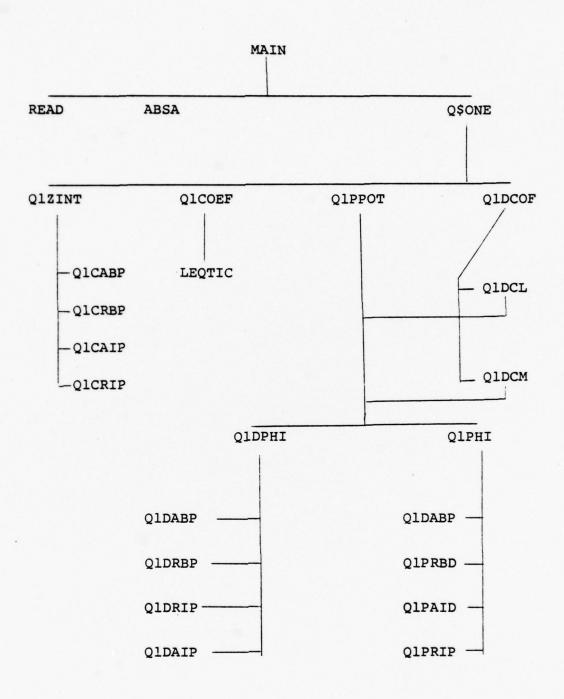


Figure A-1. Program Hierarchy

collocation points. The version of ABSA shown evenly spaces the collocation points across that portion of the blade subject to interference. ABSA may be easily replaced if different point spacing is desired, or if additional points are to be added for an overdetermined system and least squares approximation.

- 2. Q\$ONE This subroutine controls the actual potential calculation. It performs no calculation itself, but calls subordinate subroutines where the calculations are actually performed. The calling hierarchy is shown in Figure A-1.
- 3. QIZINT This subroutine calculates the linear equation system arising from the boundary conditions. Hierarchy is shown in Figure A-2.

The matrix output is carried through QIINT. QIZINT calls the following subprograms

- a. Q1CRBP returns the value of ϕ_z^0
- b. QlCABP returns the value of $\phi_{z_1}^1$
- c. Q1CRIP returns the values of $\psi_z^{\tilde{o}}$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \int_{-1+x_{*}} f_{j}(s) J_{0}[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^{2}-z^{2}}] ds$$

where f_i is one of the set of i elementary functions, j=1,n

d. QlCAIP returns the values of $\psi_{\mathbf{z}_1}^1$

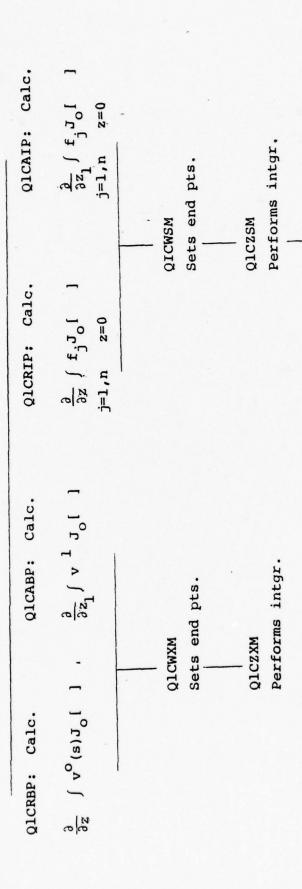


Figure A-2

Spanning Fnctn.

PLGNDR

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z_1} \int_{-1+\text{OFFSET}+x_+}^{x+z_1} f_j(s) J_0[\omega \sqrt{(x-s)^2 - y_1^2}] ds$$

where f_j is one of the set of elementary functions. OFFSET is a parameter included to facilitate program conversion to a staggered cascade

e. PLGNDR is the subprogram which returns $f_j(x)$, the elementary spanning function. No other routine contains explicit reference to the spanning function. This facilitates easy replacement of the spanning functions should this be desired.

QlCWXM computes end-points and then calls QlCZXM, a complex integration routine based on SIMP by Shampine and Allen [6]. QlCAIP and QlCRIP call QlCWSM and QlCZSM to perform the integration. QlZINT passes the constant matrix to QlCOEF in the array QlINT and the right-hand-side vector in the array QlCOF.

4. Q1COEF This subroutine employs the IMSL routine

LEQTIC to solve the linear system received from Q1ZINT. The

resulting coefficients are Q1ABCF for the adjacent blade and

Q1RBCF for the reference blade. LEQT2C, the high precision

complex IMSL routine may be directly substituted for LEQT1C.

Q1COEF may be rewritten to employ the generalized inverse

required for least squares approximation

 $A = (x^Tx)^{-1} x^Ty$ where x = QlINTy = QlCOF

after first performing the multiplication necessary to replace QIINT and QICOF with the proper matrix products in the call to LEQTIC.

- 5. QlPPOT This subroutine calculates the potential, ϕ , and $\phi_{\rm X}$, at each collocation point along the reference blade but only if QlPPOT receives a value of IPT > 0, requiring IPT \geq 2 on input to the main program. If IPT \leq 0, then the subroutine is exited before any calculations are performed. This subroutine is most useful for debugging QlZINT and QlCOEF. QlPPOT calls QlPABP, QlPRBP, QlPRIP, QlPAIP, QlDAIP, QlDAIP, QlDRIP, and QlDAIP, all of which will be described in the next section.
- 6. QlDCOF This subroutine calculates the dimension-less coefficients of lift and moment; $c_{\ell_{\alpha}}$, $c_{m_{\alpha}}$. Its internal hierarchy is shown in Figure A-3.
 - a. QlDCL calculates the nondimensional complex coefficient C_{ℓ_∞}
 - b. QIDCM calculates the nondimensional complex coefficient $C_{m_{\alpha}}$.
 - c. QIPRBP and QIPABP calculate the potentials due to the reference and adjacent blades respectively. QIPWXM and QIPZXM are called to perform the actual integration.

- d. Q1PRIP and Q1PAIP calculate the interference potentials along the reference and adjacent blades. Q1PZSM is called to perform the integration.
- e. QlDRBP, QlDABP, QlDRIP, and QlDAIP correspond exactly to subroutines above except that the value returned is the partial derivative of the potential with respect to X. QlDWXM, QlDZSM, and QlDXSM perform the co-reponding integrals.
- 6. <u>Program Listing</u> The program listing shown below incorporates the Legendre functions as spanning functions. Listings for a subroutine employing Gorelov's spanning function and the linear approximation program follow.

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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      (6,925) DK, DR, DW, SIGMA, CFFSET, RFC, N, NF, IFT
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1 IMPLICIT REAL * 6(A-H, D, P, PW, RHD, OFFSET, SIGMA, N, X, IMPLICIT REAL * 6(A-H, D, P, P, C, CMPLEX * 16(Z, Q) DIWENSION Q1COF(Z6), Q1INTRP(13), Q1NTRP(13), Q1
SLBROUTINE ABSA (N.DFFSET, X,DR, EMPLEx*16(q,Z)

IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O.P.R.-Y), COMPLEx*16(q,Z)

XINT = (2.000-DR) DFLOAT(N+1)

XL = (2.000-DR) DFLOAT(N+1)

XL = (2.000-DR) DFLOAT(N+1)

XL = (2.000-DR) DFLOAT(N+1)

IN (1) = (2.000-DR) DFLOAT(N+1)

IN (2.000-DR) X(1) = (2.000-DR)

IN (1) = = (2.000-DR)

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IF(XASIN.GT.2.0D0) GOTO 20

ICT = IPT - I
CCK = DCMPLX (0.0C0, DK)
GCONST = CDEXP( DCMPLX(3.3D0) SIGMA))
GCONST = CDEXP( DCMPLX(3.3D0) SIGMA))
CALL QICWXM(CK, DR, DW, RHO, XASTA, CI AF, I OT)
CALL QICWXM(CK, DR, DW, RHO, XSTA, GIA, T)
IF(IPT.LE.0) RETURN
CCICABP = DCMPLX(0.0DC,0.0D0)
IF(IPT.LE.0) RETURN
SO WRITE (6,995) QICABP = ', E14.7'', ', E14.7)
RETURN
END
SLEROUTINE CICWXM(DK, DR, DW, RHO, XSTA, QINP, IPT)
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GICAIP (CK, CR, DW, R+O, GFST, SGMA, XSTN, GCAIP, N, IPT)
EAL*8 (A-H, C, P, R-Y), COMPLEX * 16 (C, Z)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        RCR: //
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FIT (LVL) = FV(3)

DAT (LVL) = FV(5)

DAT (LVL) = FV(5)

DAT (LVL) = FV(5)

ARESTT (LVL) = ARESTR

GEST (LVL) = GESTR

GEST (LVL) = GESTR

FV(3) = FV(2)

GERROR (LVL) = GESTR

FV(3) = FV(2)

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TERP U IN THE INTEGRAL
                    . XSTN. N. DI NF, I FT
   $€) J.QCRIP(J)
,26x,12,3X,£14.7,',',E14.7)
                           N IS THE MAXIMUM CEGREE OF THE
                    ROUTINE CICWSM (CK, CR, DW, RED
WRITE (6,55)
FCRMAT(6,6)
CCNTINUE
RETURN
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CDAB S(FV(3)))
CDAB S(FV(5)))
       STN ., 11X
   CW, RHO, X STN, A, E, J, 1PT
17H ARGUMENTS: 1, 7, 1PT
1,10X, RHO, 12X, XSTN
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                                                                       $ (4.0*FV(2
$ 14.0*FV(4
- AREST)
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IT REAL*8(A-F,0-Z)
Q.0)GOTO 10C
*X
101,1C2,103,104,105,106,107,108,105,11C,111,112),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            , ', E14.7, /,
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    NDR*8(X, CR,N)
-1,0-2)
EFS = EFS 1.4

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FETURN
FLGNDR=(((((676039.000*x2-1539536.000)*x2+2078505)*x2
FLGNDR=(((((676039.000*x2-1539536.000)*x2+2078505)*x2

1 -10210202000)*x2+22525.000)*x2-18018.0C0)*x2-231.CC0)/1024.0C0

RETURN
FROM
FLORINE
CICOEF(Q1COF,Q1INT,N,IPT,Q1ABCF,Q1RBCF)
INTELEX
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               KAITE(6,91) I, J, Q1INT(1, J), I, J2, C1INT(I, J2)
FCRMAT(' ', 15X, 2 ('QINT(', I2', ', ', I2', ') = ', E14.7, ', ', E14.7, ', CONTINUE
105 PLGNDR = (13.501*X2 - 3.001)**/c
RETURN
105 PLGNDR = ((6.301*X2 - 7.001) *X2 +1.501)*X/6.00C
106 PLGNDR = ((6.301*X2 - 7.001) *X2 +105.000)*X2-5.000)/16.000
106 PLGNDR = ((423.000*X2-315.000)*X2+315.000)*X2-35.000)
107 PLGNDR = ((429.000*X2-693.000)*X2+315.000)*X2-35.000)
107 PLGNDR = ((429.000*X2-693.000)*X2+6930.000)*X2-35.000)
107 PLGNDR = ((429.000*X2-693.000)*X2+6930.000)*X2-35.000)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         RETURN
PLGNDR=(((((88175.000*X2-230945.000)*X2+21675C.000)*X2
-93390.003}*X2+15015.000}*X2-693.000)*X2/256.000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          N2 = 2*N

IF (IPT.LE.O) GO TO 5

HRITE (6,98) N.N2

FCRWAT('0',5x',0)COEF ENTERED WITH ',12,' CEG PWR S

D( 2 SQUARE MATRIX)')

D( 2 SQUARE MATRIX)', 1 Q1COF(I)

WRITE (6,92) I 1 Q1COF(I)

FCEMAT ('0', 10x', '01COF(I) = ', E14.7', ', E14.7', ', E14.7')
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             RETURN
FLGNDR= ((((12155.000*X2-25740.000)*X2+18018.0C0)
*X2-462C.000)*X2+315.0CC)/128.000
                                                                                                                                                                        106
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     108
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40 CCNTINUE (6,99) I, INI, CIRBCF(I), CIABCF(I) 55 FCRM T( 0',5x,I2',10x,I2,10x,2(E14.7 1.1 FCRM T( 0',10x',3(BROUTINE C),FIA 7 FCRM T( 0',10x',3(BROUTINE C),FIA 7 FETURN
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DW, PHO, CFFEET, SIGMA, N, X, QIABCF, CIFBCF, IPT QL CR2895

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, N, QIABCF, CIRBC
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SIGMA,N,ClaBCF,CIRBCF,X,IGT)
RHO,CFFSET,SIGMA,N,IPT
                                                                                                                                                                                                              ,12x, OFFSET , 9x, 'SIGMA'
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                            N.B
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                             P. C.
                                                                                                                               S11(60), CPSLM
                                                                                                         COMPLEX#16(F,C
                                                                                  G1DC L*16(DK,DR,DW,RHO,OFFSET,SIGMA
                               11 4
                            PW ...
                                                                                                                             31(60), QES
                              4 -
     GCCL, CDCM
FAC = ", F7.4
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DWIN'S IGNAT C
'F6.3'', CL
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CRMAT( 6,90) DK TAL
CRMAT( 6, 90) DK TAL
FIZ SIGMA =
F9.4, 1, 1, F9.4)
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ET , SIGMA, N, IPT
                                                                                                                                                                            S(4.0*FV(2))
S(4.0*FV(4))
- AREST)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Nu
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           20
                                                                                              FV (3)
FV (5))
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         000
FV(4) = F(ALPHA + 1.5*CX)

KCUNT = KOUNT + 2

KCUNT = KOUNT + 4

KCUNT = KOUNT + 5

KCUNT = WT*(FV(1) + 4.0*FV(2) + FV(0)

GESTR = WT*(FV(1) + 4.0*FV(2) + FV(0)

GESTR = WT*(FV(1) + 4.0*FV(2) + FV(0)

ARESTR = WT*(FV(1) + 4.0*FV(2) + FV(0)

ARESTR = WT*(FV(1) + CDABS(AREA))

IF(CDABS(GETF) LE EFSTR

GESTR = WT*(FV(1) + CSTR

IF(CDABS(GETF) LE EFSTR

GESTT LOVE) = FV(3)

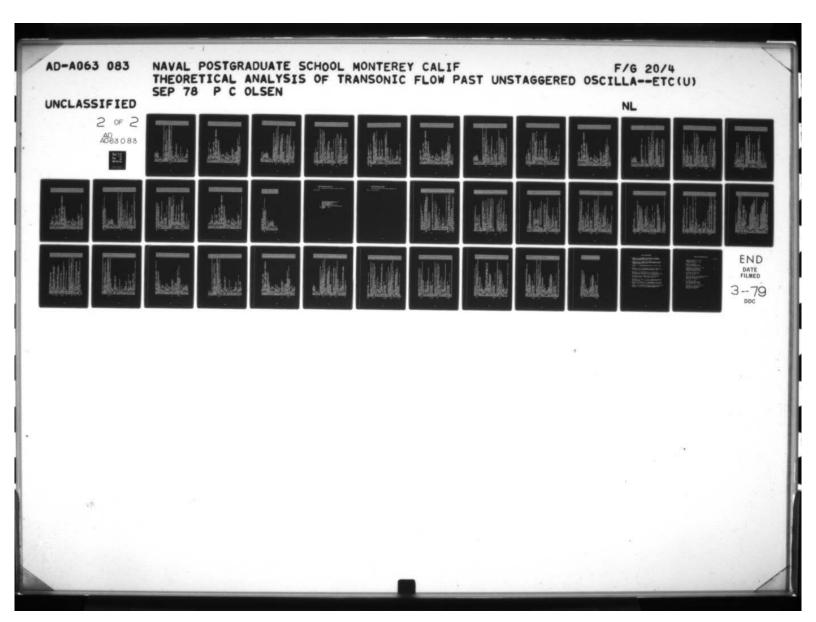
FY(3) = FV(3)

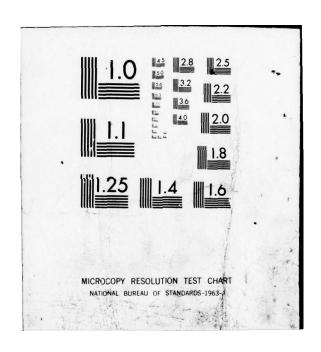
IF(CRR LOVE) EQ.0) GOTO 4

GERROR + GOTO 4

IF(CRR LOVE) EQ.0) GOTO 6

IF(CRR LOVE) E
                                                                                                                                                                            NIN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  111
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+ CDABS (FV (3))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ,E14.7, ', ',E14.7, /,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       + CDABS(4.0*FV(2))
+ CDABS(4.0*FV(4))
ARESTR) - AREST)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    SET, SIGMA, N, IPT
CR = ', E14.7,',
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 NEI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 22
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 E*EPS*DABS (AREA)) 60
CURU *DABS (ALPHA)) 60
                                                                                                                                         4.0*FV (3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              CULTHA

CULTHA
TOTAL CONTRACT CONTRA
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FV(3)
FV(3)
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X, KHO 110X 10FFSET 17X, SIGMA 2.5, 1, 1, 13
                                                                                                                                     , 1kHO ., 1CX, .XSTN ., 5X, . IPT
                                                                    , RHO, OFFSET, SIGNA, XSTN, IPT
                                                       K, DR, CW, RHO, OFF SE 1, SI GMA
                                                                                                                     1FR8P*16(DK, DR, C4, RHO, XSTN, 10
(A-F, O, P, R-Y), CCMPLEX * 16
                                                            CCFFLE X*16 (0, 2)
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ARGUMEN18:8,7,1FT
10x, RHO ',12X, XSTN',11X
                                                    | Color | Colo
GIPHXM RESULTS: "
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·, E14.7,/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         + CDAES(4.0*FV(2))
+ CDABS(4.0*FV(4))
ARESTR) - AREST)
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ABS(FV(3))
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FFOURU*DABS
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14 ARGUMENTS: ", , IPT
10X, 'RHC', 12X, 'XSTN', 11X,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        RR(60), FIT(60), F2T(60), F3T(60), CAT(60), (60), E9T(60), QPSUM(60), J,QICF)*CDEXF(CEXP*(X)), GA * DSQRT( (XSTN-X)*(XSTN-X) - YY)),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 (DK, DR, DW, RHO, XSIN, A, B, J, CANS, Q1CF, IPT - E, G, H, M, O, P, R - Y), COMPLEX*16(F, Q, Z
/6.0
WT*(FV(1) + 4.0*FV(3) + FV(5))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 UC = 9.00-13

ACC = 1.0C-6

1.0C-6

1.15x, 10 F 13x, 10 F 28

2.4:15x, 10 F 13x, 10 F 28

2.4:15x, 10 F 13x, 10 F 28

E F UR U = 4.00 F 1, 12, 2x, 13)

E F C C = 10 C = 1
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, ', E14.7,/,
FV(12) = F(ALPHA + 0.5*DX)
FV(12) = F(ALPHA + 1.5*DX)
FV(11) = F(ALPHA + 1.5*DX)
FV(12) = F(ALPHA + 1.5*DX)
FV(12) = F(ALPHA + 1.5*DX)
FV(13) = F(ALPHA + 1.5*DX)
FV(12) = F(ALPHA + 1.5*DX)
FV(13) = F(ALPHA + 1.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        RCR . /,
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+ CCABS (FV (3))) CSLM) *Q2EXP/DP + CDABS(4.0*FV(2)) + CDABS(4.0*FV(4)) ARESTR) - AREST) 25 10 4.0*FV(2) + FV(3)) 4.0*FV(4) + FV(5)) FV (5)) -EPS*DABS (AREA)) GO URU *DABS (ALPHA)) GO 5 CCEXP*B) TC 11 ETLRN 4.0*FV(3) AREST = 0.0 FV(1) = F(ALPHA) + 0.5 * CA) KUUNT = DA/6.0 OX = 0.5 * DA + 0.5 * CA) FV(2) = F(ALPHA + 0.5 * CA) FV(2) = F(ALPHA + 1.5 * CX) KUNT = F(X) としていると

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CDABS (FV (3)))
CDABS (FV (5)))
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                                                 + CDABS (4.0*FV(2))
+ CDABS (4.0*FV(4))
ARESTR) - AREST
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                                                                                                                             1)GO TC 3
GNDR(B, CR, J, Q1CF) *CDEXF(GEXP*B)
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E14.71
IF (IPT. GT. 0) GO TC 11

LATTE (6,990) DK, DR, DM, RHG, X STN, 11

LETTE (6,995) QANS, IFLAG, IER, GER, GER, 15 X, 13,2 X, 13,5 X, E14,7,1, GER, CRR(LVL) = QSUM

LCR(LVL) = ASUM

LCR(LVL) = GEST(LVL)

LCR(LVL) = FST(LVL)

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7. Gorelov Spanning Function.

The subprogram for function used by Gorelov is shown below.

REAL FUNCTION PLGNDR*8(X, DR, N)
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-+,C-Z)
IF(N.EQ.0) GOTO 100
ETA = CARCCS(-X)
ETASTR = DARCOS(1.0D0 - DR)
FN = CFLCAT(N)
PLGNDR = DCCS(FN*ETA)-DCOS(FN*ETASTR)
RETURN
100 PLGNCR = 1.0D0
RETURN
END

8. Linear Expansion Program

The program based on the linear expansion for small k is shown below.

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IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-F,O,P,R-Y), CCMFLEX*16 (Q,2)

CIMENSION X(13), Q2PT (13), Q2CP (13)

BLCCK ONE READ AND EDIT DATA

CALL ERRSET (208,256,-1,1)

WRITE (6,910)

1 CALL READ (DK,DR, PHO,OFFSET, SIGMA,OFFSET, RHO, N, NF

I FI IPT GT 0 ) WRITE (6,950) DK, DR, DW, SIGMA, OFFSET, RHO, N, NF

SIG FCRWAT (11,5x,10RELCV CASCADE PROGRAM LINEAR IZED FOR SPALL

990 FCRWAT (11,5x,10RELCV CASCADE PROGRAM LINEAR IZED FOR SPALL

1 OX, OK, 13x, CR, 13x, CR, 13x, DW 10x, SIGMA, 10x, OFFSET, 1, 10x, SIGMA, 10x, OFFSET, 1, 10x, SIGMA, SIGMA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   J
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SLERGUTINE CIZINT (CK, DR, DW, RHO, GFFSET, SIGMA, N, X,

IPPLICIT REAL * 8(A-H, O2P, R-Y), CCPPLEX * 16(Z, Q)

DIMENSION X(13)

CIMENSION X(1
                                                                                                                      [A.OFFSET, X,DR, Dh, )
[A-H, C, P, R-Y], COMPLEX*16(0,2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IT REAL*8 (A-H,C,P,R-Y),
IGN X(13)
(2. 0D0-DR)/CFLOAT(N+1)
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EIMENSION NEW CONTROL OF CONTROL 
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FSET, SIGMA, XSTN, CINTAP, N, IOT
FSET, XSTN, QINTRP, N, ICT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                -QICREP(OK,OR,DW,RHO,XSTN,IOT)
-QICAEP(CK,OR,DW,RHC,CFFSET,SIGMA,XSTN,IOT)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     FUNCTION Q1CRBP*16(DK,DF,CW,RHO,XSTN, IPT)
REAL * 8 (A-H,O,P,R-Y), CCMPLEX * 16 (Q,Z)
IN = I + N

XSTN = X(I)

XC = XSTN - DR

CALL GICATP (DCMPLX(C.0DO, DLAMDA*XSTN))

CALL GICATP (DK, DR, DW, RHC, GFFSET, SIGMA, XSTN, GINT

CALL GICATP (DK, DR, DW, RHC, GFFSET, SIGMA, XSTN, GINT

CALL GICATP (DK, DR, DW, RHC, GFFSET, SIGMA, XSTN, GINT

LO J = J.N

JN = N + J

JN = J-1

SINT (I 1) = DCM PLX(I .0 DO, CLAMDA*XSTN)

TENP = DCM FLX(TEMP, CLAMCA*XSTN*TEMP)

GIINT(I N, 2) = DCM PLX(TEMP, CLAMCA*XSTN*TEMP)

CONTINUE

CCCNTINUE

CCCNTINUE

CONTINUE

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H; ','
IX, 'RHO', 10X, 'OFST',9X,'SGMA'
| S,','), I3)
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6,995)
('0',10x, QICAIP RESULTS:
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LICIT REAL * 8(A-H,Q,P,R-Y), CCMPLEX * 16(2,Q)
ENSION QIABCF(13), QIRBCF(13), CRR(13), CAA(13), CFHI(13)
                                                                                                       195)
1 10x, gicoef - Matrix Algorithmically Singliar.
T 10 Zero.)
CMPLX(0.000,0.000)
= 1,N
RITE(6,92) I, I, CICOF(I)

ORMAT('0', 10X, 'QICCEF EQUATION SYSTEM, ROW ',12,/

',10X, 'QICOF(',12,') = ', E14.7,',','E14.7)

C 2 J = 1,N
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     IN ECF(I) = GICOF(I)
CIRBCF(I) = GICOF(I)
CCNTINUE
IF (IPT.GE.C) RETURN
IF (IPT.GE.C) WRITE (6,94)
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CRMAT 60
FRC = CC
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FFS ET, SIGMA, XSTN, 10T)

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OFFS ET, XSTN, CIRECF, N, 1CT

FS ET, SIGMA, XSTN, CIABCF, SIGMA, XSTN, SIGMA, S
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R', 13x', DK', 13x', RHC'
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+ FV(5))
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+ CDABS(4.0*FV(2)) + CDABS(FV(3)))
+ CDABS(4.0*FV(4)) + CDABS(FV(5)))
ARESTR) - AREST)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            E.EP S*DABS (AREA) ) GO TO CRU *DABS (ALPHA) ) GO TO 5
CHOCATMINO DA POUNCIO CANDIDA DA PACOCATO CANDIDA CAND
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   NM
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,7X, SIGPA
                                                                                                                                                                                                             ) WRITE(6,990) CK, CRICH, RHO, XSTA, IFT
0X, CIFRBP ENTEREC LITE: 1/1
K'I IX, CR' 11 X, OW', IIX, RHC', 10X, 'XSTA', 9X,' IPT'
15(E12.5) (1) 13)
HO-1.0 CO (COTO 20
                                                                                         CM, RHO, CFF SET, SIGMA, XSTN, IPT
                                                                                                 11x, kHO, 110x, OFFSET
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      DA = CK/DM2

1.0+xS1N-RHO

3 = (CK+DLAMDA)*(XSTN-RHO) * (XSTN-RHO) - 1.0D0)

3P = - CC/PLX(FR, PIMAG-CLAMCA*XSTN*PR)/CSGRT(CM2)

7T. LE.O) RETURN
                                                                                                                               W.RZERO, OFFSET, XSTN, LOT)
W.RZERO, OFFSET, XSTN, QIRBCF, N, ICT)
W.DR, OFFSET, SIGMA, XSTN, IOT )
W.DR, OFFSET, SIGMA, XSTN, CLAECF, N, ICT
                                                               DK, DR, Ch, RHO, OFFSET, SIGNA
                                                                                                                                                                                           ( FUNCTION Q1PRBP*16(DK, DF, CW, RHO, XSTN, IPT) IT REAL * 8 (A-H, Q, P, R-Y), (GMPLEX * 16 (Q, Z)
                                                                          (13)
(13)
(108, CW, RHO, CFFSE
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                               966
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777, SIGN
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CPPLEX FUNCTION GIFAIP*16(CK, DR, CH, RHO, CFST, SGMA, XSTN, CICF, N, IPT)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ENCENPLEX FUNCTION CIDABP*16(DK,DR,Ch,RHO,OFFSET,SIGPA,XSTN,IPT)

LIPFLICIT REAL * 8 (A-F,G,P,R-Y), CCMPLEX * 16 (Q,Z)

LIPFLICIT REAL * 8 (A-F,G,P,R-Y), CCMPLEX * 16 (Q,Z)

LIPFLICIT REAL * 8 (A-F,G,P),R-Y), CCMPLEX * 16 (Q,Z)

LIPFLICIT CON WITTE(6,590) DK,DR,CH,RHO,OFFSET,SIGPA,XSTN,IPT

LIPTLIC * 10X, CK, 11X, OR * 11X, OR * 111X, RHG, OFFSET,SIGPA,XSTN,IPT

X S TN = XSTN - CFFSET

IF (XAR * 8), * XSTN, OR * 11X, OR * 11X, RHG, OR * 10X, OFFSET * 1X, OR * 11X, OR * 11
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           PLX(0.0DC,0.0D0)
| RETLRN
| GIDABP
| Ox, GICAEP = ', E14.7',', E14.7)
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THILLIHITH INTERPRETATION OF THE PROPERTY OF T
ENPLEX FUNCTION CIPRIP*16(CK, DR, CW, RHO, OFFSET, XSTN, CICF, N, IPT)

I F [10] T RE AL*8 (A-H, 0, P, R-Y), COMPLEX * 16 (0,2)

I F (10) GT (13)

I F (10) WRITE (6,990) DK, DR, Dh, RHO, XSTN, IPT

F (RAT( C, 10) WRITE (6,990) DK, DR, Dh, RHO, XSTN, IPT

F (RAT( C, 10) WRITE (6,990) DK, DR, Dh, RHO, XSTN, IPT

F (RAT( C, 10) WRITE (6,990) DK, DR, Dh, RHO, XSTN, IPT

F (RAT( C, 10) WRITE (6,990) DK, DR, DR, INT)

F (RAT( C, 10) WRITE (6,990) DK, DR, INT)

F (RAT( C, 10) WRITE (6,990) DK, DR, INT)

F (RAT( C, 10) WRITE (6,990) DK, DR, INT)

F (RAT( C, 10) WRITE (6,990) DK, DR, INT)

F (RAT( C, 10) WRITE (6,990) DK, INT)

F (RAT( C, 10) WRITE (13)

F (RAT( C, 10) 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            CIPAIP = CCMPLX(0.0D0,0.0D)

IF(IFT.LE.0)RETURN
RITE (6,995) QIPAIP
GRMAT('0',10X,'QIPAIP = ',E14.7,',',E14.7)

ETURN
                                                                                                                                   256
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         066
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FINAGE = (XXXXX + (2.000-0R) + 0R - 0.000 + 0L AND 4/2.000

FINAGE = PHAMESTAL | 1/2000-0R) + 0.000 + 0.000

FINAGE = PHAMESTAL | 1/2000-0R) + 0.000

CONTROL | 1/2000-0R | 1/2000-0R | 1/2000-0X | 1/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     95×L
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         , IPT)
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C IMENSICH G1CF (13)

IF (IPT-G1-0) WRITE(6,990) DK, DF, CH, RHO, XSTN, IPT 1 10X, 1 1
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